ROBERT, PORTER & CO.'S
BULL DOG BOTTLING
OF
BASS'S ALE
AND
GUINNESS' STOUT
CAN BE HAD AT
All Wine Merchants, Bar, Restaurants, and Hotels.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 52,808—New Series. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, MARCH 7, 1903. PRICE 4 ANNAS.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

Milkmaid
LARGEST SALE in the WORLD.
BRAND
Milk

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

SATURDAY 2 P.M.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	1903.
M.L. CALEDONIA	7538	E. H. Gordon	7th March
* PENINSULAR	5394	T. Leigh	14th "
M.L. EGYPT	7912	J. Challew	21st "
* MASSILIA	5011	G W Cockman	28th "
M.L. ARABIA	7903	J. L. Parfitt	4th April
* PENINSULAR	5394	T. Leigh	11th "
M.L. BRITANNIA	6925	F. H. Seymour	18th "
* MASSILIA	5011	G. W. Cockman	25th "
M.L. PERSIA	7951	W. A. Whelor	2nd May
* PENINSULAR	5394	T. Leigh	9th "
M.L. CALEDONIA	7538	E. H Gordon	16th "

The steamers marked M. L. proceed to Marseilles, Plymouth and London, passengers for Brindisi transhipping at Port Said.

The steamers marked * proceed to Aden only, and Passengers transhipthere for Brindisi, Marseilles, Plymouth or London.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON the day previous to sailing, and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 A.M., on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage Labelled with Port of Destination.

Tenders leave the Ballard Pier on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between 11-30 A.M. and 12-30 P.M., for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's steam barges. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are Imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's STEAMERS LEAVE BOMBAY FORTNIGHTLY, usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the STRAITS, CHINA and JAPAN, and return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals calling at Ports en route.

F. RITCHIE,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 22nd November, 1902.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY GROOM & Co.,
BOMBAY.

PASSENGERS booked without charge, and on Favourable Terms. Berths carefully selected.
SLEEPING CAR and CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS procured.
RAILWAY OFFICIALS and MISSIONARIES booked at Reduced Rates.
PASSAGES booked to ENGLAND via JAPAN and AMERICA, by the Canadian Pacific, Occidental and Oriental, and Pacific Mail Steamers.
HANDBOOK giving Details of Fares, &c., and List of Sailings by all Lines sent free on application.
PASSENGERS met on arrival.
BAGGAGE shipped and cleared and Insurance effected covering all risks.
PACKAGES cleared or shipped.
CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES, DRAFTS, and SOVEREIGNS at current rates.

Calcutta Agents.—GRINDLAY & Co.

LONDON AGENTS.—GRINDLAY & Co.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

BOMBAY TO TRIESTE VIA ADEN, SUEZ AND PORT SAID.
DIRECT LINE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on
IMPERATOR	P. Ivellich	4,119	1st April 1903.
IMPERATRIX	C. Bellen	4,191	1st May, 1903.

PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 600,	Rs. 325,	Rs. 150

ORDINARY LINE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
TRIESTE	E. Mecozzi	5,095	18th Mar. 1903
a AUSTRIA	R. Colledani	6,500	25th Mar. 1903
MAR. BACQUEHEM	T. Rassevich	4,919	18th April 1903
a b FRANZ FERDINAND	A. Martinolich	6,043	17th May 1903

a Will call at Karachi, b Will call at Fiume.

PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

	Saloon.	Deck.
TO TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 400	Rs. 150,

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE AND VENICE AVAILABLE FOR ANY PERIOD WITHIN TWO YEARS.

1st Class Rs. 900, 2nd Class Rs. 488, Saloon Rs. 600.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued to Trieste, the St. Gothards, and other Routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE MESSAGERIES MARITIMES CO.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Austrian Lloyd's and the Return Voyage by the Messagerie Maritimes Co., at reduced fares.

This arrangement will prove of special advantage to Passengers on three months' privilege leave.

Passengers to VENICE tranship at TRIESTE to another steamer of the Company, which takes about 6 hours to cross the Gulf.

STEAM TO JAPAN, VIA COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI AND YOKOHAMA.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
MELPOMENE		2,971	30th Mar., 1903

For further particulars, regarding Passages apply to

E. SCARPA, Agent.
Seacon House, 52, Church Gate Street.
Bombay, 20th February, 1903.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES,

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on THURSDAY.
OCEANIEN	4,259	Guignes	12th Mar. 1903.
ERNEST SIMONS	5,707	Dupuy Fromy	9th Apr. 1903.
TONKIN	6,393	Schmitz	7th May 1903.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's at Reduced Fares. This arrangement will prove, in some cases of special advantage to Passengers on three months' privilege leave.

TO COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, JAVA, SAIGON, TONKIN, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

S.S. "CALEDONIEN," 4,232 tons, Captain X——, to sail on or about the 1st April, 1903.

For further particulars apply to

P. de BURE, Agent.
New Oriental Bank Buildings, 57, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

THOS. COOK AND SON,

BANKERS, PASSENGER AND FORWARDING AGENTS.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES AT REDUCED RATES.

FOR long PERIOD RETURN TICKETS by P. and O. and other Lines.

PASSAGES engaged by all Liners and Non-Liners FREE OF CHARGE FOR COMMISSION. Special attention to the selection of berths and grouping of passengers.

SPECIAL REDUCTIONS to Families, Missionaries and Railway Officials to London; also to Government Officials via China and America to Europe.

THROUGH TICKETS issued from any Railway station in India to all parts of the World.

COOK'S INTERPRETERS meet and assist passengers at London, Marseilles, Genoa, and all Chief Towns of the world.

OUTWARD PASSAGES engaged and ticket supplied from any part of the World to India.

PASSENGERS' BAGGAGE received, forwarded or insured against theft and all risks.

PACKAGES of every description stored, and shipped as cargo to all parts of the world at lowest rates; ESTIMATES on application.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and amounts placed on DEPOSIT for FIXED PERIODS.

STOCKS and SHARES bought and sold.

DRAFTS, CIRCULAR NOTES, & LETTERS OF CREDIT issued and REMITTANCES made.

BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, RANGOON, COLOMBO.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED,

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S.S. "DUMRA," 1,695 tons, on FRIDAY, the 13th March, at 2 p.m., or later, on arrival of the English Mail.

FOR KATHIAWAR COAST PORTS AND KURRACHEE.

S.S. "KISTNA," 1,182 tons, on TUESDAY, the 10th March, at 10 a.m., calling at Verawal, Mangrole, Porebunder, Cutch Mandvie and Kurrachee in the foregoing or any order (weather permitting.)

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S.S. "GOALPARA," 2,147 tons, on WEDNESDAY, the 11th March, at 10 a.m., calling at Kurrachee, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingo, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, Koweit, Mahomerah, and Basrah, in the foregoing or any order (weather permitting).

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S.S. "DWARKA," 1,695 tons, on THURSDAY, 12th March at 10 a.m.

FOR ZANZIBAR, MOMBASA, LAMU, AND ADEN.

S.S. "PUTIALA," 2,998 tons, on or about SATURDAY, 7th March.

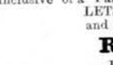
FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S.S. "SIRSA," 2,610 tons, on or about WEDNESDAY, 11th March.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents.
Bombay, 6th March, 1903.

KING, KING & Co.,

BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS, BOMBAY.



PASSAGES engaged, and best available Berths secured, at Lowest Rates obtainable by P. & O., and all other Steamers, Free of Charge for Commission.

Latest List of Sailings, Fares, and full information furnished by return of post, on application.

Special attention paid to the grouping of Passengers travelling 2nd Class by P. & O.

Every Assistance rendered to Passengers on arrival in Bombay. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and Shipped.

Special Agents of the Firm meet all Steamers at Brindisi and Marseilles.

Packages of every description received for despatch as Cargo to Messrs. Henry S. King & Co., London; or Messrs. King, Baillie & Co., Liverpool. Freight and Marine Insurance at the Lowest Rates. Quotations furnished on Application.

KING, HAMILTON & CO.,
CALCUTTA.

HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

WILLIAM WATSON & Co.,

BANKERS & PASSENGER AGENTS,
(ESTABLISHED 1867.)
8, Hornby Road—BOMBAY.

CALCUTTA—8, Dalhousie Square, E.
KARACHI—Bunder Road.
LONDON—(Head Office), 7, Waterloo Place, Pall Mall, S.W.
LIVERPOOL—23, Water Street.
MARSEILLES—82, Rue de la Republique.
PORT SAID—8, Quay Francois Joseph.
CAPE TOWN—92, Adderley Street, S.A.
DURBAN S.A.—Gardiner Street.

JOHANNESBURG—7, Tyne Buildings, Market Street, S. A.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened with any amount over Rs. 200, and Interest allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 3, 6, 9 and 12 Months, at interest to be learned on Application.

PAY, PENSIONS AND ANNUITIES collected.

Letters of CREDIT payable anywhere, issued at Current Rates.

DRAFTS, CHEQUES AND BANK BILLS issued, cashed or sent for Collection.

TELEGRAPHIC AND REGULAR HOME FAMILY REMITTANCES made AT THE BEST Exchange rate of the day.

ADDRESSES of HOME friends for Telegraphic purposes registered FREE.

VOLUMINOUS Private CODE minimizing expense, at CLIENTS' Service.

STOCKS, SHARES, &c., bought and sold.

GOVERNMENT PAPER AND OTHER SECURITIES kept for safe custody, and Interest and Dividends collected.

LOANS and ADVANCES made on approved securities.

MONIES Cabled and paid same day in England. Cost of Message about Rs. 8, and NO COMMISSION charged for remitting.

SOVEREIGNS, BANK NOTES, &c., bought and supplied at specially favourable rates.

ASSURANCE—LIFE, FIRE, MARINE—effected at reasonable rates.

Agents for the STANDARD and ORIENTAL LIFE OFFICES.

Full information promptly given and Handbooks sent free on Application.

THE FIRST & THE LAST TIME

WE WILL GIVE

Rs. 7,000

Inclusive of a Pair of Handsome GOLD BRACELETS set with Diamonds and Emeralds, valued at

Rs. 2,000

FIRST PRIZE.

Prize Tickets will be presented free of cost, up to the 28th March, 1903,
To the Purchasers
— OF A —
STERLING CHAIN,
Rs. 1-8
— OR A —
SET OF SOVEREIGN STUDS,
Rs. 1-8
— OR AN —
ENGLISH-MAKE TIMEPIECE,
Rs. 3-8
(WITH 5 YEARS' GUARANTEE.)
— OR A —
LADY'S OR GENT'S SILVER WATCH,
Rs. 7-8
(WITH FIVE YEARS' GUARANTEE.)

We highly recommend these well-finished articles, good for rough use and well worth the money.

THE DRAWING WILL BE HELD ON THE 4TH APRIL, 1903.
ON THE
"ART UNION PRINCIPLE"

In the presence of Representatives of Local Newspapers and the Public who are invited to witness the *bona fide* Drawing.

PRIZES.

				Rs.
1 Prize (Pair of Gold Bracelets set with Diamond)				2,000
4 Prizes (Pair each of Gold well-finished Bracelets)			Rs. 150 each	600
1 Prize Cash				500
2 Prizes	"	150	"	300
3 Do.	"	75	"	225
2 Do.	"	50	"	100
25 Do.	"	25	"	625
10 Do.	"	20	"	200
50 Do.	"	15	"	750
50 Do.	"	10	"	500
50 Do.	"	5	"	250
100 Do.	"	4	"	400
100 Do.	"	3	"	300
125 Do.	"	2	"	250
523 Prizes		Total		7,000

N.B.—Out-station Orders promptly and carefully attended to on V.-P. System.

C. ARDESHER & Co.,

SOLE AGENTS,
ART JEWELLERS AND WATCH MANUFACTURERS,
173, DHURRUMTOLLAH STREET, CALCUTTA.

CONTAMINATIONS

of the Blood, whether the after-effect of Contagious Diseases, hereditary taint, or foul matter of any description, are positively carried out of the system by taking "CLARKE'S WORLD-FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE," the great Blood Purifier and Restorer. For cleansing and clearing the Blood from all impurities it cannot be too highly recommended. For Scrofula, Scurvy, Eczema, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kinds, it is a never-failing and permanent Cure. It is the only real specific for Gout and Rheumatic Pains, for it removes the "cause" from the blood and bones. To be had of Chemists, &c., everywhere at 2s. 9d. and 11s. per Bottle. Thousands of Testimonials.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS,

warranted to cure all Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex (acquired or constitutional) Gravel and Pains in the Back. Guaranteed free from Mercury. Sold in Boxes, 4s. 6d. each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the world Proprietors:—THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUGGIST, London, England.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

HOTEL WINDSOR,

VICTORIA STREET, WESTMINSTER,
LONDON, S. W., ENGLAND.
SPECIAL NOTICE.

ELECTRICALLY lighted throughout day and night. Moderate Tariff. Table d'Hote at Separate Tables, from 6-30 to 8-30 (open to non-residents). Turkish Baths.

INCLUSIVE TERMS FROM 12s. PER DAY.

J. R. CLEAVE,
Proprietor.

CURZON & Co.

CIGAR MERCHANTS AND TOBACCONISTS

LARGEST HOUSE FOR
ALL BRANDS OF
INDIAN, MANILLA,
HAVANA AND CONTINENTAL CIGARS,
BEST EGYPTIAN, ENGLISH, AND AMERICAN CIGARETTES,
TOCOS, PIPES, AND SMOKERS REQUISITES.
ALSO SOME INTERESTING CURIOS.
PRICE LISTS FREE.
15, ESPLANADE ROAD,
OPPOSITE WATSON'S HOTEL.

ARE YOU A CONNOISSEUR IN TEA

A DAILY TREAT !!
BRITANNIA BRAND TEAS.
THE ONLY GOLD MEDAL AWARDED IN POONA EXHIBITION.

Tea in Perfection from the Tea Plant to the Tea Cup in its Native Purity. } Exquisite Flavour. Delicate Aroma. Youngest Growths. } Choicest of Tea at the lowest possible cost and saving all middlemen's profits.

Important to Mofussil: Free Delivery on their Station.

Prices from Rs. 1-12 to As. 11 Per Packet.

J. E. MODY,
TEA AND COFFEE MART,
HORNBY ROW, FORT, BOMBAY.

ORIENTAL GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

Established 1874.

FUNDS EXCEED TWO CRORES

INVESTED IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

ALL INTENDING ASSURERS should apply for the Rates and conditoins of the

ORIENTAL

which are the lowest with safety, being based upon the Company's actual experience since its formation.

LOANS ON THE COMPANY'S POLICIES; LIBERAL SURRENDER VALUES.

Immediate payment of Claims on proof of death and title.

ENDOWMENTS AND ANNUITIES ON SPECIALLY ATTRACTIVE TERMS.

Full Particulars and Forms may be obtained on application at the Company's Office,

ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY,

R. PATERSON BROWN,
Manager.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE-NEZ.

DURING the Hot Steamy Weather when your Glasses persist in falling off your nose, a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense, will be found a great boon.

They are self adjusting
There is nothing to break
They are always Horizontal
They are the acme of comfort and very strong
No slipping off the Nose.

Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting:—
Nickel Rs. 3-8. Gold Rs. 35,

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

KEATING'S POWDER

IS HARMLESS to Animal Life.

KILLS BUGS, FLEAS, MOTHS, BEETLES, MOSQUITOES,

KILLS BUGS, FLEAS, MOTHS, BEETLES, MOSQUITOES,

The genuine powder bears the autograph of THOMAS KEATING. Sold in Tins and Bottles only.

KEATING'S WORM TABLETS.

KEATING'S WORM TABLETS.

A PURELY VEGETABLE SWEETMEAT, furnishing a most agreeable method of administering the only certain remedy for INTESTINAL or THREAD WORMS. It is perfectly safe and mild and is especially adapted for Children. Sold in Bottles by all Druggists.

Proprietor: THOMAS KEATING, London.

TOYS AND DOLLS,

From Ans. 4 to Rs. 160.

TRICYCLE and ROCKING HORSES,
THREE DIFFERENT SIZES.

ELECTRO-PLATED WARE,
EVERY HOUSEHOLD REQUISITE.

LEATHER GOODS.
HAND BAGS, PURSES, DESKS, &c., &c.

TOM SMITH'S CRACKERS,
From Ans. 8 to Rs. 5.

CADBURY CHOCOLATE,
FANCY BOXES, SUITABLE FOR PRESENTATION.

FRENCH AND ENGLISH SWEETS,
40 Different Kinds, From Ans. 12 to Rs. 4-8 lb.

COLLARD AND BOWSAR'S SWEETS,
Ans. 4 and Ans. 8.

MAPPIN AND WEBB'S CUTLERY,
PENKNIVES, SCISSORS, DESSERT AND TABLE KNIVES, &c.

SMOKERS' REQUISITES,
AMBER, MEERSCHAUM PIPES AND HOLDERS.

MORENAS & CO.,

64, MEDOWS STREET, FORT.

NEMESIS' AGUE SPECIFIC. THE MAGIC CURE for Malaria, Influenza, Intermittent, Remittent and Plague Fevers. A trial is solicited. Per Bottle, Re. 1.

F. S. MADON & Co.,
170, Shaikh Memon St. Bombay.

A PERFECT SMOKE.

THE

"BAHADUR QUEEN-EMPRESS"

BRAND.

THE "BAHADUR QUEEN-EMPRESS"

BRAND ARE PACKED IN

Boxes of 100, each Cigar being Ringed with a

"BAHADUR QUEEN-EMPRESS" Ring

"BAHADUR QUEEN-EMPRESS" Extra large, 5 inches Rs. 37-8.

"BAHADUR QUEEN-EMPRESS," No. 1, 4½ in, Rs. 31-6.	"BAHADUR QUEEN-EMPRESS, No. 3, 3¾ in, Rs. 27-8
"BAHADUR QUEEN-EMPRESS," No. 2, 4 in, Rs. 29-0	"BAHADUR QUEEN-EMPRESS, No. 4, 3 in., Rs. 24-0

PACKED in BOXES of 50, at an extra charge of Re. 1 per 1,000.

PACKED in BOXES of 25, at an extra charge of Rs. 2 per 1,000.

ILLUSTRATED LEAFLET FREE ON APPLICATION.

McDOWELL & CO., LD.,

MADRAS AND LONDON.

PROVISION MERCHANTS, CATERERS, &c.,

THE TIFFIN & DINING ROOMS OF INDIA.

(FITTED WITH ELECTRIC PUNKAHS)
SEATING CAPACITY FOR OVER 250 GUESTS

SPECIALITIES.
FRESH OYSTERS
ICED DRAUGHT ALE AND STOUT.
AMERICAN DRINKS.
SPECIAL LADIES ROOM FOR LIGHT REFRESHMENTS.

BREAKFASTS,
TIFFINS, AND
DINNERS.

TABLE D'HOTE OR A LA CARTE

SERVED AT ANY HOUR OF THE DAY UP TO 8-45 P. M.
BAND OF THE 23RD BOMBAY RIFLES PLAYS EVERY WEDNESDAY FROM 7—9 P. M.

BILLIARD ROOM.

The best appointed in INDIA. Four First-Class Tables fitted with ROBERTS LOW CUSHIONS.

COOL, SELECT, AND COMFORTABLE.

W. B. GREEN & Co.,

APOLLO BUNDER RESTAURANT.
BOMBAY

JEWELRY REPAIRS.

THE ATTENTION of JEWELRY WEARERS is particularly directed to the danger of loss of Gems from imperfect or worn settings or weak claws and the necessity of having all settings inspected occasionally. Those who have jewels are, as a rule, exceedingly careful of them and if there is any suspicion that they are insecure in setting or otherwise they should at once be attended to to prevent loss.

We undertake not only to Manufacture Ornaments of all description but also undertake all kinds of JEWELRY REPAIRS and are able from our large collection of Loose Gems to match Gems in replacement of those found missing.

WATCH REPAIRS.

We undertake the REPAIR of WATCHES, CLOCKS and other MECHANICAL INSTRUMENTS in a REASONABLE TIME and at a MODERATE COST. We employ the most skilled and intelligent labour in this Department which enable us to guarantee all work that we do.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,

MANUFACTURING JEWELLERS AND WATCH MAKERS,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

LONDON & LANCASHIRE LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

[ESTABLISHED 1862.]

Assurances on every sound and approved Plan effected on most Favourable Terms.

NORWICH & LONDON ACCIDENT INSURANCE ASSOCIATION.

(ESTABLISHED 1856).

THE NORWICH UNION FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY.
(ESTABLISHED 1797).

THE PHŒNIX ASSURANCE CO. LD.
(ESTABLISHED 1782).

THE LANCASHIRE INSURANCE C[illegible].
now merged in the ROYAL INSURANCE, CO.
(ESTABLISHED 1850).

As Agents of the above First-class Offices, we are prepared to accept LIFE, ACCIDENT, and FIRE RISKS.

Terms on application to W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., BOMBAY.

MONGINI BROTHERS,

MANUFACTURING CONFECTIONERS AND CATERERS.

BEST CUMBERLAND HAM, on cut..... Rs. 2-8 per lb.
FRESH COFFEE, (ground while you wait)..... " 1-4 "
MARRONS GLACE'S..... " 2 "

FONDANTS, CHOCOLATES, CAKES, PASTRY, etc., manufactured fresh daily on the premises.

ICES THREE KINDS DAILY.

BIRTHDAY, CHRISTENING AND WEDDING CAKES

A SPECIALITY.

PRICE LIST FREE ON APPLICATION.

Up-country orders carefully attended to by the Proprietors.

MONGINI BROTHERS,

25—27, CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY.

THE ITALIAN STORES,

C. COLONNELLO; SON & CO.,
105, MEDOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

STEVEDORES AND PURVEYORS TO THE NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO AND RUBATTINO, BOMBAY; AND TO THE ITALIAN ROYAL MARINE, RUSSIAN AND ARGENTINE MEN-O'WAR.

GRUYERE, PARMESAN and GORGONZOLA Cheeses.
FINEST LUCCA OIL; Pure Italian Wine Vinegar.
ASPARAGUS, (French Italian and German).
MILAN SAUSAGES in Skin (Italian).
ANCHOVIES SALTED (loose); and in oil in Bottles.
FRANKFORT SAUSAGES, Plain, and with Sauerkraute
TUNNY FISH IN OIL (French and Italian)
CAVIARE.
SARDINES. Royans Victoria. " a la Tomate. Plain in finest Lucca oil.
BLACK OLIVES (loose) in oil.
GREEN OLIVES (French) in Bottles.
FRENCH and ITALIAN PREPARED MUSTARD assorted in Bottles.

MASTIC de CHIO 2-8 Bot. Vermouth (Italian and French) Chianti, Barbera, Capri, Lacrima Christi and Marsala. Cherry and Blackberry Brandy. Asti Spumanti and Duc de Marsat (champagne.)

Maccaroni, Vermicelli, Soup Paste, Lentilles, Beans, Grava (Milanese), Rice (Carolina), Walnuts, Hazelnuts, Almonds, Italian Lemons, Malaga Raisins and Figs (Naples.)

Attention is drawn to our celebrated GRIGNOLINO CLARET as a speciality and a thoroughly genuine article, only Rs. 10 per doz. Bots.

LONDON AND PARIS EXCHANGE, LIMITED.

CAPITAL £100,000.

GENERAL MINING BANKERS.

Business in all Mining Shares quoted or not quoted on the London Stock Exchange.

Advances made on Mining Shares at 6 per cent. per annum.

MINING PROPERTIES NEGOTIATED.

LONDON AND PARIS EXCHANGE, LIMITED.
Basildon House, Moorgate Street, London, E.C.

President:—ALEXIS MORETON MANDEVILLE. Cablegrams:—"PLENARILY LONDON." Bankers: REDMOND McNEIL MORRIS AND NEAL } Cocos

N.B.—A Handbook fully explaining the business operations of the Exchange can be had on application free from the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

UNDER THE DISTINGUISHED PATRONAGE, OF THEIR EXCELLENCIES LORD and LADY NORTHCOTE,

TOWN HALL.

TWO LAST AFTERNOON CONCERTS

Will be given by THE RUSSIAN PIANIST.

FELIX STERNBERG,

ON

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 11TH and FRIDAY, 13TH, AT 5-45 P. M.

Kindly Assisted by Mrs. COLLIE (Violin) and Several LEADING AMATEURS.

Concert Grand by "BLUTHNER," kindly lent by Messrs. MARCKS & Co., Ld.

PRICES: Rs. 3, Rs. 2, and Re. 1.

Plan now open at SEYMOUR DOVE & Co., Pianoforte Depot.

BOMBAY HIGH SCHOOLS ATHLETIC ASSOCIATION.

THE ANNUAL SPORTS will be held on the 9th and 10th inst., on the ESPLANADE, at 3-30 P.M.

LADY JENKINS will give away the Shields and Cups.

T. A. SAVAGE.

BOMBAY ART SOCIETY.

THE THIRTEENTH ANNUAL EXHIBITION will be OPENED to the Public on MONDAY, the 16th March, 1903, at 5-0 P.M., at the Sir J. J. School of Arts, Bombay.

The Conversazione and private view of the Pictures for Members and their friends will take place on SATURDAY, the 14th March, 1903, at 9-30 P.M.

EXHIBITION will be OPEN DAILY, from 8 A.M. to 5 P.M.

ADMISSION ONE RUPEE.

SEASON TICKETS THREE RUPEES.

NOTICE.

I HAVE THIS DAY REMOVED my OFFICE from 20, Hummum Street, to the FIRST FLOOR of MARKER BUILDING, APOLLO STREET, next to Messrs. Latha & Co's Office.

J. B. MACFADYEN, Marine Surveyor.

1st March, 1903.

NOW READY.

"BOMBAY GAZETTE" OVERLAND SUMMARY,

The BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY prepared for despatch by each Overland Mail for Europe, contains, in addition to all the news of the week, a specially-written Market and Freight Report, and a well-digested Summary of Events.

Annual Subscription (in advance) .....Rs. 12

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"Bombay Gazette" Office, 18, Esplanade Road.

GRAND CLEARANCE SALE.

OWING to some certain causes, we CLOSE Our SHOP. All in Stock to be SOLD OFF. Dress Materials, Muslins, Crepons, Serges, Silks, Hats, and many other varieties of Goods too many to enumerate to be sold off without restriction. All at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES. All Customers are earnestly solicited to pay us a last visit and we promise they will not return without many good bargains. Our GREAT SALE commencing MONDAY, 2nd March, 1903. For LAST WEEK ONLY. Seize this opportunity while it lasts.

PREMJEE RATANJEE,

38, Esplanade Cross Road. Opposite Goculdas Hospital, Bombay.

TO MARINE ENGINEERS.

SOTHERN'S MARINE ENGINEERING COLLEGE,

59 Bridge St., Glasgow.

PRINCIPAL—J. W. SOTHERN, M.I.E.S., Practical Engineer and Draughtsman.

ENGINEERS who intend competing for BOARD of TRADE CERTIFICATES can be supplied with the following, on remitting £ 1-5-0 to above address:

1 Complete set Arithmetical Papers and Solutions.
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1 Copy "Elementary Questions and Answers."
1 " Vertical Notes and Sketches."

Part of the above money will be allowed to those, who on going home, join our classes previous to going up to Examination.

NOTICE.

MISS JOHNSON (late of Mrs. POMEROY'S, 23, Old Bond Street) and Miss DUPUIS has OPENED BUSINESS for Face Massage, Electrolysis, at 41, Watson's Annexe, Bombay. Hours 7-30 A.M. to 12-30 P.M. and 3-30 to 5-30 P.M. THURSDAYS till 12-30 P.M. Terms—Single Treatment, Rs. 7. Course of six, Rs. 30. Preparations sent to all parts of India. Advice and Consultation Free. Book sent on application.

HOME IN LONDON (near St. Paul's Schools), for Children of Parents residing in India, where a young Lady will undertake tuition in English and French. Music if desired. Not a School. Terms Fifty Guineas per Number, Boarding per annum. Mr. HAMBRIDGE, Surgeon Dentist, 3, Gunterstone Road, West Kensington, London. Card of terms may be obtained from "Bombay Gazette" Office, Bombay.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY.

THE BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT, AND SUMMARY OF TRADE,

Published at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, on the Departure of the Overland Mail for Europe.

The Bombay Price Current contains—

A Specially-Written Market Report,
Freight Report, &c.
Summary of Cotton Exports during the Week.
Imports and Exports of Bullion.
Comparative Summaries of Exports from Bombay up to date as per Ships' Manifests, with the total Exports for the month, and for the same period, as far back as 1894 and 1901 respectively.
Comparative Summaries of Imports, of Piece-Goods, and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain up to date, with the total for the month, and the same period, as for back as 1894 and 1901, respectively.
Share Lists and Rates of Exchange.
List of Vessels in Bombay Harbour on the date of publication, and Arrivals and Departures of Vessels during the Week.
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THE *Bombay Gazette* are bringing out a small neatly bound STERLING EXCHANGE TABLE, covering all RATES in 32nds, both Sterling into Rupees and Rupees into Sterling, from 1s. 3 3-4d. to 1-4 23-32. The Book will, it is thought, supply a long felt want, as since the stoppage of the free coinage of silver rates have varied well within those given both for demand and six months Currency Bills, and the extensive tables in general use are now no longer required. The form adopted will also greatly facilitate the conversion of broken amounts.

To subscribers the cost will be Rs. 1-8 per copy To non-subscribers Rs. 2

R. SCOTT & Co., M.R.C.V.S.

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CHARGERS, Polo Ponies, Hacks and Carriage Horses selected with the greatest care for Local and Up-country Constituents.

HORSES shod on the most approved principles with Shoes made on the premises of specially imported iron, under the immediate supervision of a first class ENGLISH FARRIER.

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HORSES standing at Livery on Commission Sale, or for treatment, Rs. 35 per measem including Syce. Stable rent charged on all horses fed by owners, at Rs. 5 per measem, Commission on horses bought and sold Rs. 17. Examination and Certificate Rs. 10, Verbal opinion as to Soundness Rs. 5.

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A Pamphlet, containing Testimonials from Europeans, will be sent free of charge on application.

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AERATED WATER MANUFACTURERS,
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FORT, BOMBAY.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & COMPANY, No. 4, FORBES & MEDOWS STREETS, FORT.

NOTICE OF POSTPONEMENT OF SALE.

AUCTION SALE of a Valuable plot of Land at Lanowli advertised to be sold THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 7th March, 1903, by order of N. C. Macleod Esq. official Assignee, High Court, and in Re Morarji Lalji, an Insolvent, has been POSTPONED until further notice.

By order of the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at the Arthur Crawford Markets, on MONDAY, the 16th March, 1903, at 11 a.m., the right of collecting fair-ground and feeding fees from cattle-dealers, butchers, and all others at the Bombay Municipal Slaughter-houses, Badra, for 12 months, from 1st April 1903, to 31st March, 1904, and Fees in the Fort Market, Arthur Crawford Beef Market, Arthur Crawford Fish and Mutton Markets, Erskine Road Fish Market, Foras Road Fish Market, Colaba Fish Market, Pedder Road Fish Market, Mazagon and Ferguson Road Fish Markets, Parel, from fresh and salt fish-sellers, &c., who sit on the floor or other places not numbered, either, in line or outside under the eaves of the markets, and also collecting fees for weighing goods at the scales of the Arthur Crawford Markets, for 12 months from 1st April 1903 to 31st March 1904.

For particulars and conditions of these sales, respectively, apply at the Municipal Commissioner's Office, Fort, or at the office of the Superintendent of Markets, Arthur Crawford Markets, or to the undersigned. The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the highest or any offer.

SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT KHETWADI BACK ROAD.

Without the Fort of Bombay.

High Court.
O. O. C. J.
Suit No. 498 of 1901.
Dharamdas Vullabhdas
vs.
Keshavlal Gordhandas and others.

Under instructions from N. C. Macleod, Esq., Receiver appointed herein by an order dated the 21st day of December, 1901, Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY, the 24th March, 1903, at 4 p.m., on the premises, the following landed property pursuant to the directions contained in the decree absolute made in the above suit on the 17th day of November, 1902.

All the estate and interest of the abovenamed plaintiffs and defendants in all that piece or parcel of fazandari land or ground, together with the messuage, tenement, or dwelling-house standing thereon situate lying and being at Khetwadi Back Road without the Fort in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay assessed by the Municipality under Ward D No. 2123 and Street No. 14 containing by admeasurement sixty-four square yards and three-fourth of another square yard or thereabouts, and bounded on the east by a common passage, on the west by the house of Govind Narayan Sonar and on the north and south by a public road called Narsoo Sayboo Road, and which said premises have been in the occupation of the tenants of the vendor.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Mr. Muljee B. Barbaya at his office in No. 9, Hornby Row, Fort, Bombay, or to the undersigned.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.

Bombay, 7th March, 1903.

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ...£1,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL £500,000
RESERVE FUND £4,25,000

HEAD OFFICE:

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BRANCHES:

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The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

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BANK OF CALCUTTA, LIMITED.

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Subscribed.....Rs. 15,00,000
Reserve Fund .... " 15,00,000
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	Per cent. Per Annum
For 3 Months.....	4
" 6 Months.....	4½ "
" 12 Months.....	5 "
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The Bank offers special facilities and advice to Constituents as to the purchase and sale of all Indian Securities, particularly the Shares and Debenture Stocks of Jute, Cotton, Tea, and Miscellaneous Industrial Concerns.

The Bank is prepared to guarantee the principal and interest of Debentures on its approved Risk of which may be ascertained on application. Absentee shareholders' and Investors' interests carefully watched.

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HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital.....	$ 100,00,000
Sterling Reserve Fund	$ 100,00,000
Silver Reserve Fund	$ 47,50,000
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SPECIAL SHORT ADVTS.

Only Advertisements for Clerks, Servants, &c., Houses to Let, and Goods for Sale or Wanted, are accepted in this column.

RATES.—(Cash only.) Three lines, per insertion, One Rupee, Every additional line, Eight Annas. REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid.

MR. FELIX STERNBERG, the great Russian Pianist, now performing for a Season in Bombay, plays on a Bluthner Aliquot Grand Pianoforte.—Sole Agents for Bluthner Pianos: MARCKS & Co., Ltd., Bombay and Poona.

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TO-MORROW, (SUNDAY,) at H. M.'s Common Prison, Umerkhadi, AUCTION SALE of the Very Valuable Property of the late Mr. A. G. MACKENZIE.

FOR SALE.—Lot No. 3, 1 Building No. 169, (old Custom House,) situated at South-East Corner of Victoria Dock. Full particulars on application to BOMBAY PORT TRUST STORES OFFICE, Elphinstone Bunder.

LIFE INSURANCE.—Policy-holders consulting Mr. E. P. HENDERSON, C. S. retd., would wisely send him their Policies (or copies) REGISTERED; or, failing this, then a letter addressed to the Office concerned, requesting it to answer his inquiries. Advice given on incomplete or inaccurate facts is worse than useless.—28 Kensington Gardens Square, London, W.

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FOR SALE.—STEAM MOTOR CAR, Seat 2, Rs. 2,700. ELECTRIC, Seat 4, Rs. 3,700. MOTOR CYCLE, Rs 600.—F. B. THANAWALLA, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.

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MESSRS. OLIVER & Co.—Only Respectable and Trustworthy Servants of all denominations supplied. The original and only firm that supplies thoroughly efficient and reliable High Class Domestic Servants, Patronized by the Officers of the Services, Army and Navy, as well as the Leading Clubs and Hotels. Especially First Class Bonajees and Mahomedan Servants, for whom we guarantee. Fee Rs. 2 for each servant.—No. 4, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay. Established, 1878.

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BACK NUMBERS of THE BOMBAY GAZETTE Daily, the Weekly, and the Weekly Mail Edition, when available, are supplied on the following terms:—Seven days from date of issue, 4 annas; 8 to 30 days from date of issue, 8 annas; 30 days to one year, 1 rupee; and of older dates than one year from Rs. 5 per copy according to numbers available. Reference charge one rupee.

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AN IMMEDIATE AND CERTAIN BONUS OF 20 TO 25 PER CENT.

ILLUSTRATIVE TABLE

SHOWING THE ANNUAL PREMIUM PAYABLE FOR VARIOUS KINDS OF POLICIES WITH PROFITS.

Age next Birthday.	Whole Life Assurances of Rs. 1,000.				Endowment Assurances of Rs. 1,000.				Age next Birthday
	Whole Life Premiums.	Premiums Limited to			Payable at death, or in				
		10 years.	15 years.	20 years.	15 years.	20 years.	25 years.		
	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.		
20	21 10	43 8	36 6	30 7	64 5	47 6	37 11	20	
21	22 1	44 4	36 14	30 15	64 6	47 8	37 13	21	
22	22 9	50 0	37 7	31 7	64 8	47 10	37 15	22	
23	23 1	50 12	38 0	31 15	64 9	47 12	38 1	23	
24	23 9	51 8	38 10	32 7	64 11	47 14	38 4	24	
25	24 2	52 5	39 4	33 0	64 13	48 0	38 7	25	
26	24 11	53 2	39 15	33 9	64 15	48 3	38 10	26	
27	25 5	54 0	40 10	34 2	65 1	48 6	38 14	27	
28	25 15	54 14	41 5	34 12	65 4	48 9	39 2	28	
29	26 9	55 13	42 1	35 6	65 7	48 12	39 6	29	
30	27 4	56 13	42 11	36 0	65 10	49 0	39 11	30	
31	27 15	57 13	43 10	36 11	65 13	49 4	40 0	31	
32	28 11	58 14	44 7	37 6	66 0	49 8	40 6	32	
33	29 8	59 15	45 4	38 2	66 4	49 13	40 12	33	
34	30 6	61 1	46 2	38 15	66 8	50 2	41 3	34	
35	31 5	62 4	47 1	39 12	66 13	50 8	41 10	35	
36	32 5	63 8	48 0	40 10	67 2	50 14	42 2	36	
37	33 5	64 12	49 0	41 9	67 8	51 5	42 11	37	
38	34 6	66 1	50 1	42 5	67 14	51 13	43 5	38	
39	35 8	67 6	51 3	43 3	68 4	52 5	43 15	39	
40	36 11	68 12	52 5	44 2	68 12	53 0	44 10	40	
41	38 0	70 3	53 8	45 11	69 3	53 8	45 6	41	
42	39 6	71 11	54 12	46 14	69 12	54 3	46 4	42	
43	40 13	73 4	56 1	48 2	70 6	55 0	47 3	43	
44	42 5	74 13	57 6	49 7	71 0	55 14	48 4	44	
45	43 14	76 7	58 12	50 13	71 11	56 13	49 6	45	

A PERSON OF 30 may secure Rs. 1,000 at Death by a yearly payment of Rs. 27-4 during The life Premium would generally elsewhere secure Rs. 900 only instead of Rs. 1,000.

OR, if unwilling to burden himself with payments during his whole life, he may secure the same sum of Rs. 1,000 by twenty yearly payments of Rs. 36, being thus free of Premiums before age 50; this premium being about the same as most Offices require during the whole term of life.

OR, if preferring to make provision for his old age or for his family in case of death, he may secure the same sum of Rs. 1,000 payable at age 55 or death by yearly payments of Rs. 39-11.

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Whose income is dependent upon health, the Limited Payment System or Endowments Assurance is specially recommended.

R. F. ALLUM, General Manager.

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LIGHT, PURE, WHOLESOME.

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To be had of all Wine and Spirit Dealers.

DR. DE ROOS' COMPOUND RENAL PILLS

...reliable remedy for Pains in the Back, Gravel, Lumbago, Gout, Rheumatism, Diseases of the Bladder, &c., ...for frequently harass the sufferer over the best years of life, and end only in agonizing death. For weaknesses ...of loins, spinal or other deposits, they are indeed marvellous. They correct acidity of the stomach, as it promotes the ...secretion of the kidneys, thereby preventing stone in the bladder, &c. Many complaints, long supposed to be nervous, ...arise as well from impurities of the blood with certain impurities which should have been cast off by the ...kidneys; and by the use of these Pills a speedy cure will be effected in ninety-nine cases out of one hundred. Sold in ...bottles at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., and 11s. by all the principal Merchants in India.

...purchasers are specially requested to see that every package bears the British Government Stamp, with the words ...Warner, Safe Cure, London" impressed thereon, in white letters on a red ground, for those words avoid worthless imitations.

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OR, LIFE DROPS.

The Great European Remedy for Nervous & Functional Debility, Spermatorrhœa, &c.

This remarkable rejuvenating essence strengthens the vitality of the whole system, gives energy to the muscles, and speedily restores the impaired powers of life, imparting strength and manly vigour to the most debilitated and worn-out constitution. Those who suffer from Premature Decay, or deficiency of the Vital Forces, owing to indiscretion in early life, or any other cause, will find this medicine just what they require. Equally adapted for the studious and sedentary; the aged and infirm; the nervous and debilitated; as also for delicate females and weakly children. All sufferers from loss of appetite, nervous headache, lassitude, and despondency—too often accompanied with suicidal thoughts—should make immediate and fair unprejudiced trial of this wonderful medicine, which is daily effecting the most remarkable cures in patients who had been given up by the Faculty. In all cases of nervous and functional debility (arising from whatever cause), it is truly unrivalled. To married persons especially, this preparation will prove invaluable, giving strength and vigour in place of lassitude and incapacity.—Price 11s., or four times that quantity, 33s. per bottle.

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Dr. DE ROOS' VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS, for Indigestion, Biliousness, and all disorders of the Liver, Stomach, and Bowels; whilst as a universal family medicine for both sexes, and all ages, they are unequalled.—13½d., and 2s. 9d., per Box.

Dr. DE ROOS' PILE AND FISTULA PILLS, the only reliable remedy for these annoying and painful ailments. Price 2s. 9d. per Box.

Purchasers are particularly requested to see that every package of Dr. De Roos' Medicines bears the British Government Stamp, with the words "WARNER DE ROOS, LONDON," impressed thereon in white letters on a red ground, and refuse worthless imitations frequently put forward by unscrupulous vendors for the sake of extra profit.

DEBILITATED and NERVOUS SUFFERERS should read the *Medical Adviser*, by Dr. DE ROOS, containing 192 pages of information which every young man should possess, on the secret causes of nervous debility, impotency, depression of spirits, and confirmed melancholy. Sent post free on receipt of twelve penny stamps (English or Colonial), by Mr. LAWES, Medical Publisher, 14, BEDFORD COURT, HOLBORN, LONDON, W.C., or obtainable of any of the Agents for Dr. De Roos' Medicines.

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WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c

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GIESLER & Co.	Avize.
JAMES HAWKER & Co.	Plymouth.
JUSTERINI & BROOKS.	London.
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J. SACCONE.	Gibraltar.
COSSART, GORDON & Co.	Madeira.
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P. J. VALCKENBERG.	Worms.
C. MAREY & LIGER-BELAIR.	Côte d' Or.
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Secretaries and Presidents of Clubs and Military Messes can now obtain Wines, Spirits, or Liqueurs &c., from the above well-known Firms without the inconvenience and expense of importing them direct.

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John Jameson & Son" ltd.

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CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER

CAPITAL £800,000
RESERVE FUND £650,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS..... £800,000

HEAD OFFICE.

HATON COURT, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

Bombay.	Ipoh (Perak)	Hongkong.
Calcutta.	Singapore.	Foochow.
Madras.	Kwala Lumpor	Shanghai.
Rangoon.	Bangkok.	Tientsin.
Colombo.	Batavia.	Hankow.
Penang.	Soerabaya.	Yokohama.
Tasiping.	Manila	Kobe.
Medan, Deli (Sumatra).	Cebu, (Philippines).	New York

The Corporation GRANT DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches; buy and receive for collection Bills of Exchange; issue Letters of Credits; and undertake general Banking business.

FIXED DEPOSITS

are received for TWELVE MONTHS at FOUR PER CENT per Annum. Rate for shorter periods may be ascertained on application.

JOHN STIVEN,
Agent.

Bombay Agency, Esplanade.

THE COMMERCIAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE—CALCUTTA.

BRANCHES:

Bombay, Karachi, Lahore, London, Madras, Rangoon and Rawal Pindi.

Sub-Branches:—Murree—(April to October) and Amritsar Sub-Agencies—Bangalore, Mooltan City and Lallpore.

CAPITAL PAID-UP Rs. 43,90,800.

RATES OF INTEREST ALLOWED ARE AS UNDER

STERLING DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS for home remittances, 4 per cent. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS—

9 to 12 months, 5 per cent. per annum.
2 years at 5½ " "

Special rates are given for SHORT PERIOD DEPOSITS which can be learnt on application.

Sums as small as Rs. 10 are received into the Bank's PROVIDENTIAL FUND, bearing half-yearly the compound interest at 5 per cent. per annum.

Cheques, Bills, Hoondees on Stations where the Bank has Branches and Currency Notes of any circle are collected and credited free of charge in the above Interest Deposit Accounts

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened for sums of Rs. 100 and upwards and require 2 per cent. per annum, when the daily balances, provided a minimum daily balance of Rs. 80 is maintained.

For Rules to Head Office or Branches,

W. MOIR,
Manager.

Bombay, 14th November, 1902.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL... Yens 24,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL..... " 18,000,000
RESERVE FUND ..... " 8,910,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

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Tokio, Kobe, Nagasaki, London, Lyons, New York, San Francisco, Hawaii, Peking, Shanghai, Hongkong Tientsin and Newchang.

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BOMBAY BRANCH.

LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT ACCOUNT and FIXED DEPOSITS, on Terms to be learnt on application.

CREDITS granted on approved Securities and every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

DRAFTS granted on JAPAN, and the Chief Commercial places in the World.

Y. MATSUO,
Manager

Albert Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

A BOON TO WEAK MEN.

ON originally scientific means of Curing Nervous Debility and its Various Physical and Nervous Ailments without the use of Nauseous Stomach Medicines.

The Method is easy and sure, and a Permanent and Effective Cure is Ensured in all Cases of Weakness in Young and Old Men.

A fully Explanatory Pamphlet sent sealed free of charge.—Address C. MURRAY, 7, Southampton Row, High Holborn, London, England.

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SHIRTS AND COLLARS

NOW ON SHOW.

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HIGH CLASS GENTS' TAILORS AND LADIES' DRESS MAKERS.

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OPPOSITE GOCULDAS HOSPITAL,

BOMBAY.

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"GRAPHOLOGISTS,
Mandvi Post, Bombay."

NOTE.—Don't send it if you dislike plain speaking.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

LONDON, MARCH 5.

The Bombay mails of 21st ult. arrived at Brindisi, yesterday.

SECURITIES—

2½ per cent. Consols	£91 3/4 ex	= unchanged
3 per cent. Rentes	£100 1/4	= + 1/4
3½ per cent. Indian Sterling Loan	£106 1/2	= unchanged
3½ per cent. Indian Enfaced Rupee Paper	£86	= — 1/16

SILVER—

Spot in London	22 1/4	= — 1/16
2 months hence	22 3/16	= + 1/8
Spot in New York	48 1/8	= — 1/4

EXCHANGES—

Paris Cheques	25/16	= unchanged
Berlin	20/51 1/4	= — 1/2
New York Demand	4/87	= — 1/8

DISCOUNTS—

Bank of England	4 per ct	= unchanged
3 months sight Bank Bills	3 1/2 per ct	= "
6 " " "	3 3/8 per ct	= "
3 months sight Fine Trade Bills	3 7/8 per ct	= "
6 months sight Fine Trade Bills	3 7/8 per ct	= "

INTEREST—

Day to-day loans	3 5/8 per ct	= "
7 day market loans	3 5/8 per ct	= "

The Bank of England reserve is 45 per cent of the liabilities.

Brown 32 1-4 April-May. Buyers. Tone firmer.
Linseed Sold 42 3-4. April-May. Buyers. Tone steady.
Coffee in New York 5 5-8.
Arrivals.—Steamers Raventhaler and Vindobona.

In Liverpool.—
Cotton Market closed easier. Surats quiet. Manchester quiet. Total sales 12,000. Spot 5·24 — 10. Sold on speculation and for Export 500. Imports 11,000. Arrivals closed unsettled.

Mar.-Apl.	Apl.-May.	May-June.	June-July.
5·06	5·19	5·11	5·11
—12	—11	—12	—12
July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.	Oct. Nov.	Nov.-Dec.
5·11	5·02	4·79	4·58	4·53
—11	—11	—7	—6	—6

In New York—

Receipts at the Port	19 000	bales.
Do. last year	21 000	"
Exports to Great Britain	8,000	"
Continent	7,000	"
Mid-Uplands	10 19 — 15	
Futures, months of March	9·87 +1	
Do. do. July	9·59 + 5	

In New Orleans—

Spot	9 11-16 — 1-16
Futures month of June	9·78 + 10
Do. September	9·97 + 7
Tone to close	steady.

Arrivals of Cotton, Wheat and Seeds into Bombay during the 24 hours ending at 6 p.m., on Thursday, 5th March 1903:—

Cotton	18,578 bales.
Wheat	3,000 cwts.
Linseed	12,703 "
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	928 "
Gingellyseed	12,294 "
Poppyseed	199 "
Groundnuts	1,094 "
Castorseed	5,625 "
Rice	70,166 "
Myrabollams	2,352 "
Cottonseed	21,621 "

BOMBAY, FRIDAY, MARCH 6.

Trade has not been very brisk in Bombay during the past week. The fluctuations reported in the Cotton markets in America and Liverpool have checked the enquiry in Bombay though a fair business was done early in the week, and the general dull state of the Seeds markets in Europe has caused a corresponding inactivity in our local bazaar. Of course there is always something going on in complete shipments, &c., but at current rates there is little demand in the consuming markets, and business here is dragging. In Imports, also, there is a want of life in most branches of trade, and we hear of little doing. The local Yarn market has been firm, and large sales are reported to have been placed. The plague in Bombay and up-country districts, is partly responsible for the general dulness. The vagaries reported in the New York and Liverpool Cotton markets, where prices have daily undergone violent fluctuations, have reacted only to a moderate extent on our local market. There was a good enquiry early in the week, largely for shipment to Japan, but also to a lesser extent for shipment to Europe. The enquiry ran chiefly on Broach and on the higher classes of Oomras and Bengals. There was also a good deal of business reported in the Sutta market, where good M. G. Broach for 25th instant was run up as high as Rs. 222, and later on it declined to Rs. 213 and closes with buyers at Rs. 217, while fine is in demand at about Rs. 231. Reports from the districts point to a falling off in supplies of Oomras and Khandesh descriptions taking place shortly, and it looks as if these crops would not turn out as large as was at one time expected. The market at the close is quiet to steady notwithstanding the recent fall on Americans, and holders are disposed to reduce their rates much. The local mills seem to continue their "hand to mouth" policy of business only for immediate requirements, and with stocks at Colaba gradually increasing there is naturally little disposition to buy freely.

The Seeds markets are quiet with little business passing. Linseed is beginning to come to hand in larger quantities, and prices for ready and forward are about the same. Some business was reported in ready at Rs. 7-6 to Rs. 7-8, but there is no enquiry for April-May delivery from exporters. In Rapeseed stocks are reduced to very small limits and while there is little or nothing doing in spot, prices are steady, and towards the end of the week some enquiry has arisen for April-May deliveries. In Poppy seed also the available stocks are quite nominal, and there is practically nothing doing, either for ready or forward delivery. In Groundnuts the market remains steady with little enquiry from shippers, while sellers are not pressing sales. There was a small business reported in ready Castorseed at about Rs. 23 per candy. Gingellyseed is dull, with large stocks on hand, and notwithstanding the reduction in price the demand from exporters is on a very small scale. In Maize there is a small business passing at previous quotations. We hear of purchases for export of Nagpur Kathi Wheat at Rs. 28, while in other descriptions there is very little doing. In most qualities prices are too high for export.

The Freight market has been dull and declining, with many rates for March shipment. Business was reported early in the week from 14s. 9d. down to 14s. for rates which are now practically finished. Others are holding for 15s, and have been able to get 15s 6d. to 16s. for cotton ready shipments. At the close the tone is steadier, with, however, very little demand from shippers. There is also little business passing with the liners, and quotations are unchanged.

The following changes appear in the Bank of Bombay statement, dated 28th February, compared with the previous week:—

LIABILITIES.

Public Deposits	Rs. 6,69,399	Increase
Other Deposits	1,32,757	Increase
Sundries	43,382	Increase

ASSETS.

Government Securities	66,391	Decrease
Other Authorized Securities	13,970	Decrease
Credits on Securities	4,03,520	Increase
Loans do.	16,40,674	Increase
Bills discounted & purchased	9,51,180	Decrease
Balance with other Banks	70,603	Increase
Specie	24,067	Increase
Cash	2,54,041	Decrease

These figures show an increase of 9·19 lakhs in the trade demand. The Bank of Bengal statement, dated the 24th instant, shows the following changes compared with the previous week:—

Public Demand	Rs. 28 lakhs	Increase
Cash Head Office	21 1-2 "	Decrease
Do. Branches	10 1-2 "	Decrease
Government Deposits	31-2 "	Do.
Bank's Investments	66·00 "	Increase

The Bank of Madras weekly cash balance shows a decline of 7 1-2 lakhs. The official Bank rate in the three Presidency Banks remains unchanged at 8 per cent. per annum. The money market has been steady throughout the week without showing any signs of stringency. The last mail from Australia brought to Bombay Rs. 50 1-4 lakhs of sovereigns (£335,000), and the heavy allotments of Council Bills are now having some effect. Short fixed deposits for 2 months are quoted 6 per cent. per annum.

Further heavy arrivals of gold from Australia are due about the 15th instant.

The mail of the 30th February brings £131,000 silver and £50,000 gold and the following Council Bills:—

Calcutta	Rs.	39,30,000
Bombay	"	28,00,000
Madras	"	10,000
	Rs.	67,40,000

The mail of the 27th February brings £270,000 silver and £60,000 gold and the following Council Bills:—

Calcutta	Rs.	1,80,000
Bombay	"	63,50,000
Madras	"	5,20,000
	Rs.	73,50,000

The mail of the 6th March brings £100,000 silver and £50,000 gold, and the following Council Bills:—

Calcutta	Rs.	43,30,000
Bombay	"	31,30,000
Madras	"	12,90,000
	Rs.	87,50,000

The applications for extra Councils early in the week amounted to Rs. 10,000 only in Bills on Madras at ls. 4 3-32d. At the weekly allotment on Wednesday of one crore rupees 87·40 lakhs were taken in Bills at ls. 4 32d. and 12·60 lakhs in Telegraphic Transfers at ls. 4 3-32d, being a reduction of 1-32d. off the rates obtained for Bills during the past seven weeks. Tenders received only 08 per cent. the applications at the reduced rate must, therefore, have been extremely heavy. For next week the amount for allotment remains unchanged at one crore, and the total of last week's sales ending on Tuesday came to Rs. 1,00,20,000.

Sterling Exchange has shown an earlier tendency during the past week, and the volume of business passing has been on small lines. Until Thursday morning, when the result of the Council Bill allotment was known, all Banks refused to buy 3 months' sight D. A. Bills for the outgoing mail under ls. 4 5-16d., but the rate was then reduced to ls. 4 9-32d. without bringing out any quantity for sale. For the mail of the 14th instant ls. 4 9-32d has been quoted daily, and for the mail of the 21st instant ls. 4 1-4d. For April ls. 4 7-32d. and May ls. 4 3-16d. are the quoted rates. Early in the week private wire was placed for cash at ls. 4 1-8d. and private Demand at ls. 4 5-32d. In Bank Paper, ls. 4 1-8d. demand for the outgoing mail was available until Thursday morning, when ls. 4 3-32d. became the general rate. There was a moderate inquiry from the bazaar at ls. 4 1-8d with but little doing for houses. Bank Telegraphic Transfers for cash was quoted daily at ls. 4 3-32d. and the rate can still be obtained at the close. For forward delivery banks are unwilling sellers at ls. 4 1-16d. Telegraphic Transfers for late March; and business was reported at ls 4 1-32d. Telegraphic Transfers for early May. For June-July. August we quote ls. 3 15-16d. Telegraphic Transfers and ls. 3 31-32d Demand, and September forward 1-32d higher.

The 3 1-2 per cent RupeePaper market was steady until towards the end of the week when an easier feeling set in. On Monday last, the settlement day, a fairly large business took place in ready paper at from Rs. 98-7 to Rs. 98-4 closing with buyers at Rs. 98-5. The settlement was adjusted partly by loans and partly by budies, and some little delay was experienced in putting it through. Some forced sales were reported, but later on the market steadied up, and remained at about Rs. 98-6 for cash and Rs. 98-10 for 1st April delivery. There has been little business passing the last few days, as it is usual after the settlement. Rumors are current in the Bazar regarding the new rupee loan to be announced in the Budget, and towards the close a bearish feeling set in, and prices have declined to Rs. 98-7 for next settlement. A quieter tone is also reported from Calcutta, where bear operations are depressing rates. This is not likely to continue

	Repayable	Rate.
4 per cent Bombay Port Trust	1923	101
4 per cent " "	1930	101 1-2
4 per cent " "	1932	101 1-2
4 per cent Bombay Municipal	1923	99
4 per cent " "	1940	100 1-4
5 per cent " "	Tansa	115
5 per cent " "	Sanitary	114
4 per cent Bo. Improvement	1929	100
4 per cent "	1963	101-8

Prices of Bullion:—

English Bar Silver, ex duty, ready	Rs.	56-13
Do. do. 1st Settlement	Rs.	56-10
Do. do. 2nd do.	Rs.	56-10
English Bar Gold, ready	Rs.	24-0-3

The Silver market is active with a large business passing daily, and the up-country demand for the metal is brisk. The Gold market is steady with a moderate business reported.

In the Piece-Goods market there is no special change to report. In Greys demand continues to be fair and prices are steady. No forward business has been done, but a few ready sales were effected by firms. In Whites demand remains sluggish but deliveries are on a fair scale.

The local Yarn market is firm. Prices have advanced during the week by 1-16 to 1-8 annas, and about 40,000 bales are reported to have been sold. Telegrams from Shanghai report the week's sales at 5,000 bales. The unsold stock is 5,000 bales lower at 30,000 bales, and the quantity sold but uncleared is 6,000 bales lower at 50,000 bales. Telegrams from Hongkong advise the week's sales at 4,000 bales. The unsold stock is 1,000 bales more at 11,000 bales and the quantity sold but uncleared is 2,000 bales less at 30,000 bales.

In the Metal markets Copper and Yellow Metal are steady and fair clearances from the bazaar have taken place, but no fresh business is passing with the bazaar, owing to the high prices ruling at home for forward shipments. The tone on the whole is very healthy. Iron and Steel markets are very quiet, and stocks are accumulating owing to large arrival and a falling off in the demand. Spelter is firm and advancing, but no business is reported. Quicksilver is dull. Pigiead is advancing at home but quiet locally.

The Share market is steady. Bank of Bombay shares have advanced to Rs. 1,265, and Commercials are weak at Rs. 57. In mill shares Manockjee Petits have remained unchanged during the whole week at Rs. 1,790. Centrals are unchanged at Rs.1,600 and Swadeshis at Rs. 697=8. Colaba Land and Mill shares have changed hands at Rs. 385 and Morarjees at Rs. 1,595. Solapurs are unchanged but steady at Rs. 1,72·. Kohinoors have changed hands at Rs. 295 and are quiet at that rate. Southern Marathas are unchanged at Rs. 132-8. Messrs. Greaves Cotton and Co.'s Mill shares are all unchanged at previous quotations, Connaughts at Rs. 335, Howard and Bullroughs at Rs. 340, Leopolds at Rs. 102, James Greaves at Rs. 200. In railway companies Tapti Valley are unchanged at Rs. 432-8 and Ahmedabad Prantej at Rs. 662-8. In Presidency Banks Mofussils have changed hands at Rs. 477-8. New Indians are steady at Rs. 170, Hingolees at Rs. 172=8, and Harvey and Sabapathi at Rs. 615. New Borars are quiet at Rs. 680. In miscellaneous list Badham Piles have changed hands at Rs. 155. Bombay-Burmahs are quiet and unchanged at Rs. 6,550,cum-dividend, and quarter shares at Rs. 1,665 cum-dividend. Port Canings are steady at Rs. 445. Bombay Ice are in demand at Rs. 57. Bombay Flour mill shares have changed hands at Rs. 890, Bombay Telephones are steady at Rs. 24-4. The rest of the companies are all quiet and unchanged at previous quotations with little or no business reported in them.

EXCHANGE:—Tone quiet.

Bank T. T.	ls. 4 1-16d. to ls. 4 3-32d
Bank Demand	ls 4 3-32d.
Credit Bills 3 Months Sight D. A.	ls. 4 9-32d
Do 6 do do	ls. 4 13-32d
French Francs 3 do do	170 3-4
Marks 3 do do	139
Hongkong 30 Days' Sight	116
Shanghai 30 do do	158
Japan 30 do do	149 1-2

GOVERNMENT PAPER—3 1-2 per cent—Tone quiet.

Cash	Rs. 98 2
1st Settlement	Rs. 98 6

Money Market—Tone steady.

BANK RATE—

Bank of England since 2nd October	4 per cent
Bank of Bombay do. 19th February	8 do.
Bank of Bengal do. 19th do.	8 do.
Bank of Madras do. 10th do.	8 do.

SEEDS.

Linseed—Tone steady.	Rs. a. Rs. a
Ready	7 8
Forward April-May ...	7 8
Rapeseed—Tone firm	
Brown Cawnpore Ready ...	5 7 to 5 3
Yellow Cawnpore Ready ...	5 11 to 5 12
Do. Gujarat Forward, April-May ...	6 3 to 6 4
Poppyseed—Tone Quiet.	
Ready	7 8 to 7 9
Forward April-May ...	7 4
Castorseed—Tone steady.	
Ready	23
Forward April-May. ...	23 8 to 23 12
Groundnuts—Tone steady.	
Ready	34 0 to 34 4
Gingellyseed.—Tone Dull.	
15 per cent. Mxd. Ready ...	32 0
25 " " " ...	31 8
50 " " " ...	30 0
Black Kutnee " " ...	29 0

LIVERPOOL OPENING TELEGRAM.

Tone	Firm.
Estimated sales	10,000
Total imports	4,000

March-April.	April-May	May-June.	June-July
5·15	5·17	5·20	5·20
+9	+8	+9	+9

July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.
5·20	5·10	4·83	4·65	4·60
+9	+8	+7	+7	+7

Cotton.—Tone steady.

Official quotations of the Bombay Cotton Trade Association Limited:—

Growths Fine F. G. Good Delivery.

Bengals H. G. (Ry. terms)	174	162	155	25	March
Bengals M. G. (Ry. terms)	153	173	...	...	do.
Sind-Punjab (M. G)	...	183	175	...	do.
Belati M. G	...	191	186	...	do.
Khandesh M. G.	...	...	178	170	do.
Dhanagaum Foolgaum M.G.	...	199	191	...	do.
Nagpur Kamptees	...	199	191	...	do.
Amlas (M. G.)	} ...	197	183	...	do.
Khamgaum do					
Karanja do	} ...	197	183	...	do.
Broach M. G.	...	231	224	217	do.
Dhorangaum M. G.	...	209	199	35	May.
Do H. G.	...	206	196	182	do.
M. G. Dharwar	...	...	...	220	do.
Western	...	...	...	205	do.

COTTON STATISTICS. (Bales.)

Receipts for the week	1,22,130
Receipts from 1st Oct. to 4th Mch.	12,53,352
Shipments for the week, to Europe	66,316
Do. China, Japan, and Coast Ports	23,072
Total	89,388
Shipments from 1st October to 4th March.	
Europe	3,62,079
Japan	93,672
China	10,915
Coast Ports	5,808
Total	4,74,574
Afloat in Harbour for Europe	17,824
Coins, Japan and Coast Ports	15,007
Week's Receipts of Cotton, Wheat and Seeds	
Cotton	131,744 Bales.
Wheat	85,401 cwts.
Linseed	81,741 "
Rape, Rai and Mustard	4,530 "
Gingellyseed	88,123 "
Poppyseed	1,721 "
Groundnuts	5,284 "
Castorseed	45,435 "
Rice	1,12,387 "
Myrabollams	20,334 "
Cottonseed	87,275 "

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, MARCH 5.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed easier.
Surats quiet.
Good Brownugger.
The Manchester Market has been quiet.

2 3-4 per cent. Consols	91 3-4 ex
3 per cent Rentes	100 1-4
3 1-2 per cent. Sterling Loan	103 1-2
3 1-2 per cent. Rupee Papers	86
Bar Silver	22 1-4

The Bank of England returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results:—Total Bullion £35,800,000, decrease £400,000; Public deposits £12,700,000, increase £300,000; Other deposits £42,700,000, increase £100,000; Other Securities £24,000,000, increase £1,000,000; Notes and Gold £28,200,000, decrease £300,000. The Bank's Reserve is 45 per cent. Liabilities.

DIVINE SERVICE.

SECOND SUNDAY IN LENT, 8TH MARCH.

ST. THOMAS' CATHEDRAL.

6-30 a.m.—Holy Communion.
7-30 a.m.—Matins.
8 a.m.—Choral, Ordination Service—Merbecke.
Hymns—157, 323, 310 and 109.
9 a.m.—Children's Service.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon by the Lord Bishop.
Hymns—91, 290 and 4.
Magnificat and Nunc Dimittis—61 and 62.
Collections are for the additional Clergy Society.
Daily Matins at 6-45 a.m. and Evensong at 5 p.m.
Daily Holy Communion at 7-15 a.m.

ST. JOHN THE EVANGELIST, COLABA.
(Afghan Memorial Church.)

11 a.m.—Parish Service.
Hymns—1-5 and 199.
Preacher the Ven'ble the Archdeacon of Bombay.
8 a.m.—Choral Celebration of the Holy Communion
Hymns—180, 313 and 101.
6 p.m.—Evensong, Choral and Sermon.
Hymns—91, 154 and 357.
Preacher the Rev Father Nicholson, S S J E.
Offertories during the day for Organ and Choir Fund.

WESLEYAN CHURCH.
(Colaba Causeway.)

8 a.m.—Parade Service. Preacher Rev Walter Seed.
6 p.m.—Evening Service. Preacher Rev Edward Gearey.
6-30 p.m.—Sunday School.
9-30 to 9-30 p.m.—Social Hour.
(Wesleyan Church, Victoria Gardens, Byculla.)
9-30 a.m.—Preacher Rev Edward Gearey.
6 p.m.—Preacher Rev Walter Seed.
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School.

BOWEN MEMORIAL METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.
(Apollo Bunder.)

9-45 a.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
11 a.m. and 6 p.m.—Divine Service. Preaching by Pastor.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH.
(Church of Scotland.)

11 a.m.—Joint Service.
Psalm—121 tune 168.
Hymns—18, 38 and 241.
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evening Service.
Psalms—43 Version 3, Tune 222.
Hymns—216, 107 and 108.
Te Deum—Jackson.
Collection for Female Missions.

THE UNITED FREE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.
(Wandby Road.)

11 a.m.—Joint Service (St. Andrew's Church.)
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Class.
6 p.m.—Evening Service Rev. Alex S. Crichton.
Hymns—91, 438, 441 and 513.
Psalm—145 9-16 (2nd version).

HOLY TRINITY CHURCH.

7-45 a.m.—Matins.
8 a.m.—Holy Eucharist.
Hymns—150, 317 and 198.
5 p.m.—Children's Service.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.
Hymns—112, 91 and 545.

ST. NICHOLAS' SEAMEN'S CHURCH,
Opposite the Main Gate of Prince's Dock.

10-30 a.m.—Matins.
6-30 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.
DAILY.
7-30 a.m.—Matins.
7-15 p.m.—Evensong.

MISSION CHURCH, GIRGAUM.

8 a.m.—Litany and Holy Communion.
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon by Rev H McNeile.

ALL SAINTS, MALABAR HILL.

7-30 a.m.—Matins.
8 a.m.—Holy Communion.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.
Matins daily at 8-15 a.m.
Litany on Wednesdays and Fridays at 4-45 p.m.

ST. PETER'S CHURCH, MAZAGON.

6 a.m.—Holy Eucharist.
7 a.m.—Holy Eucharist (Choral). Preacher Rev Fr Biscoe.
10 a.m.—Children Service.
10-45 a.m.—Matins.
11 a.m.—Evensong (Choral). Preacher Rev Fr Tovey.
Alms for the Poor.

CHRIST CHURCH, BYCULLA.

7-30 a.m.—Matins.
8 a.m.—Holy Communion.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon by the Rev Father Page S S J E.
Hymns—247, 282 and 186.

CHURCH OF ST. MARY THE VIRGIN, PAREL.
(Mid-day Time.)

8 a.m.—Celebration of the Holy Eucharist.
8-30 a.m.—Matins and Sermon.
Hymns—3, 254 and 346.
5-30 p.m.—Sunday School.
6-30 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon by the Rev H T H Rountree.
Hymns—250, 91 and 493.

HIGH COURT.—MARCH 7.

Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice B. TYABJI.

To speak to the minutes of decree.

183-02—Payne G S and M—Ali Mahomed Nensey vs Karrimbhai Nensey and others—Matubhai J and M and W and G.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.
Commercial Cause.

577-00—Smitham B and N—Gangabishan Girdharilal vs Jumnadas Hurdayal and others—Payne G S and M. Part heard.

Long Causes.

253-0973-01—Kanga and P—Kishonlal Joharimul vs Govind Narayen Jeychund—Payne G S and M. (For postponment.)

193-7635-01—Kanga and P—Hurdutrai Nundram vs Govind Narayen Jeychund—Payne G S and M. (For postponment.)

379-02—Khmdeiao and S—Bhawaniram Sahibram vs Gulbai widow and others—Shamrao and M and K S Mehta.

98-00—Crawford B and Co—Hassanbhoy Visram and others vs Kunji Khetsey and others—Mansookhlal D and J.

115-02—Crawford B and Co—V C Macleod vs Lakhmsey Napoo and others—Malvi H and M.

463-02—Ardeshir H D and Co—Karsandas Mathooradas and another vs Chatoorbhoj Khimji—Soranji and J.

525-02—F P Pavri—Mahomed Hoosum Bin Shaik Ahamed Marba vs Mahomed Ibrahim bin Mahomed Ismail Babla and another—Payne G S and M.

30-01—Smetham B and N—Bhowram Raghobs and others vs Narayen Bhowram Deshmook and others—Bicknell and M.

74-02—Thakordas and Co—The Indian Manufacturing Co Ld vs Lalji Veorji—Chanda and M.

270-01—Ardeshir H D and Co—Harichand Sconderlal vs Goswami Shri Narsinglalji Maharaj—Mansookhlal J and H.

49-02—Payable D and Co—Tarachand Lookmandas and another vs Jamnadas Hurdayal and others—Payne G S and M.

736-01—Little and Co—Peroshaw Rustomji Kambatta vs D Sanjurji Poniwalla—Jamsetjee and R.

Before the Hon Mr Justice BATTY.
For Judgment.

451-02—Captain and V—Moulvi Abdool Cadir vs Jitayker Haji Mahomed Ebraihm Jitayker—Crawford B and Co, M B and B, G and W.

For Consent Decree.

276-02—Bhaishanker K and G—Ahmed Hajee Cassum vs Umar Hajee Ali and others—Jamsetjee and R.

Long Causes.

468-02—M RDhodia—Sama Lukhmanjee and Co vs Runchordas Jadavjee—Kajiwalow G and W.

423-02—Mooljee B and B—Luxmidas Waghji and another vs Shamji Liladhar and others—Bhaishankar K and G.

544-02—Jamsetjee and R—Moolchhay Tulmachand and another vs Ranchordas Vandravandas—Edgelow G and W.

509-19,104-01—Mahubhai J and M—Hiralal Kanayalal and others vs Govind Narayen—Payne G S and M.

324-02—Bhaishunker K and G—Kikabhoy Sumsoodin vs Kumroodin Gulamally and others—Matubhai J and M.

185-91—Khunderao and S—Taibai vs Narayen Hurrischundra and others—Pestonjee B and K.

31-01—Craigie L and O—The Commercial Bank of India Ld vs Bhukandas Lallobhai and another,—B Raghavaya Payne G S and M.

338-03—Shamrao and M—Narayen Dhondiraj Bovulker vs Narotum Anundjee—Payne G S and M.

177-0—Matubhai J and M—N C Macleod vs Wallibai widow—Little and Co.

25-00—Craigie L and O—The Tricumdas Mills and Co Ld vs Rustom KR Cama—Thakurdas and Co.

228-01—Craigie L and O—The Tricumdas Mills Co Ld vs Hormusjee Nusserwanjee Vakeel.

701-02—Ardeshir H D and Co—Jamshedji Nusserwanji Tata vs Abdool Purpia and others.

BOMBAY RACES.

ELEVENTH EXTRA MEETING, SATURDAY,

REGIMENTAL CLOTHING.

SCARCITY OF (REAL) WOOLLENS.

Is one ever sure of getting Woollen garments? Doctors so frequently order Woollen underclothing that health may be endangered by wearing something that pretends to be, but is not, wool. It was said that in a drive of 30 miles round Bradford not one, but scores, of mills could be pointed out where for every bale of wool used, ten bales, and often more, are used of shoddy, mungo, stockings, and cotton.—"Daily Telegraph."

GREATCOAT CLOTHS.
UNIFORM Do.
Do. SERGES.
ARMY FLANNELS.
SADDLE SERGES.
BLANKETS for Men.
Do. and JHOOLS for Horses.
PUTTIES.
JERSEYS.
CARDIGAN JACKETS.
BALACLAVA CAPS.
SOCKS, BLUE GREY,
Do. NATURAL GREY,
MITTENS.

MANUFACTURED BY
THE
NEW EGERTON WOOLLEN MILLS COMPANY, LD.,
DHARIWAL, PUNJAB.

EVERY OUNCE GUARANTEED
PURE WOOL, ALL WOOL
AND
NOTHING BUT WOOL.

SPECIALITIES:
PURSES AND BAGS
OF ALL SIZES
IN GOLD AND SILVER.
CHAIN MESH,
WITH PLAIN FRAME,
CHASED FRAME,
FRAME SET WITH STONES.
DOROTHY PURSES
With and Without Settings.
LORGNETTES
in Gold.

MARCKS & Co., Ld.,
WATCHMAKERS AND JEWELLERS,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

ACCIDENTS OF ALL KINDS,
Walking, Riding, Driving, Cycling, Hunting, Polo Pigsticking, Shooting, &c., &c.
ALSO
ACCIDENTS and DISEASES Combined.
INSURED AGAINST BY THE
RAILWAY PASSENGERS ASSURANCE COMPANY,
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CAPITAL.....£1,000,000
COMPENSATION PAID.....£3,350,000
LOW RATES, LIBERAL TERMS, LARGEST SECURITY.
This well-known and old-established Company is prepared to insure Europeans resident in India For Prospectus and Form of Proposal apply to the Agents—
MESSRS. KING, KING & CO.,
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PIN HEAD AND OLD GOLD
CIGARETTES.
PRIZES GOLD FILLED, SILVER, NICKLE WATCHES, ALUMINIUM CIGARETTE CASE AND PLAYING CARDS, ARE ON VIEW AT
MAHOMED HOOSEIN KARIM & Co.,
TOBACCONISTS,
Sitaram Building, next to Crawford Markets, and 193, Abdool Rehman Street, Bombay.
Back and Front Pieces of above Cigarette Packets to be returned to the
AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY,
95, CLIVE ROAD, CALCUTTA.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

FOR the Greater Convenience of our Constituents, and in order to be in Closer Proximity to our STEAM PRINTING WORKS,
THE EDITORIAL AND COMMERCIAL OFFICES
OF THE
BOMBAY GAZETTE
Will shortly be removed and located together in the same Block as
REUTER'S TELEGRAM OFFICES
(NEXT MESSRS. RALLI BROTHERS).

ADVERTISEMENTS AND ORDERS FOR PRINTING
WILL BOTH BE RECEIVED AT
THE GENERAL OFFICES,
REUTER'S BUILDING,
ESPLANADE ROAD, FORT.

KING, KING & Co.,
BOMBAY,
KING, HAMILTON & Co.,
CALCUTTA.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened free of charge for Commission, and interest at 2 per cent. per annum credited on 30th June and 31st December, when the minimum balance does not fall below Rs. 500. Currency Notes of all Circles and Demand Handies payable in Bombay received without charge.
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OUR HIGH CLASS CIGARS
"FOR-DE-CAMA."
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FACTORY:—Trichinopoly (Cantonment) S. India.
Other Brands in different qualities, shapes and sizes also supplied.

DUTCH HAVANAS.
Just in Stock the following:—

		Rs.	As.
Spotted Dogs	Per Box of 50	6	0
El Aliento	Do.	6	0
Pepita, Exquisitos	Do.	5	8
Capitana, Cuchas Trabucos	Do.	5	0
Crema, de las Antillas	Do.	4	8
For Luck	Do.	4	0
Balla Lucia, Superiores	Do.	3	0
La Semiramis, Spotted	Do. 100	11	0
La Zenobias,	Do.	8	0

Up-Country orders by V. P. Post or Rail.

D. MERWAN & Co.,
CIGAR MERCHANTS & TOBACCONISTS,
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DR. MACINN SAYS—
If a man suffers with nerve-vital debility, weakness or incapability, he becomes discontented, unhappy, and loses the energy and push so necessary to success in life; that lost or failing vitality causes untold misery to both married and single men. By his scientific exclusive methods of treatment he guarantees a cure and restoration to health and vigour. Age or cause no impediment. No failures. 30 years' experience. All special complaints, Blood, Skin, Bladder, Kidneys, Hydrocele, Rupture, Varicocele, Piles, etc., treated with skill and success by Dr. MACINN, M.D., L.M.C., L.S.B., M.R., U.S.A. Registered and licensed by Medical Board of United States Government. Successful cures by correspondence. All letters answered. Strictest confidence. Address: J. A. MACINN, M.D., 61, Dharamtala Street, Calcutta.

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BEST CRUSHED HORSE FOOD prepared by machinery; clean, wholesome, and fresh. First of its kind in Bombay. At Rs. 4-8 per cwt. Delivered free in Bombay.
Crushed Gram, Barley, Oats, and Bran can be had at very moderate prices in any quantity WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
Up-country Orders carefully executed with prompt attention. Trial solicited.
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WHAT we offer you, SECURITY in your homes; Immunity from thefts. The circumvention of Rambux. All these blessings "on airth" are contained in a suite of our Domestic padlocks. Six in number, four Lever, solid brass, steel shackles, imperial guard. Each having a non-interchangeable key, and the suite a Master Key in duplicate to pass all. Absolutely proof against picks and tampering. Price Rs. 10 only.
Apply to
J. H. JOHNSON & Co.,
Pioneer Lockworks, Aligarh, N.-W. P.

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BOMBAY ELECTRIC Co.
ELECTRICAL ENGINEERS
AND
CONTRACTORS.
STOCK & SHOW ROOMS,
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LAWRENCE & MAYO,
OPHTHALMIC OPTICINS
TO THE PRINCIPAL OPHTHALMIC
SURGEONS IN THE EAST.
By Appointment to
H. E. LORD CURZON OF KEDLESTON, P.C., G.M.S.I., G.M.I.E.,
VICEROY AND GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF INDIA.
LAWRENCE AND MAYO'S PERFECT PEBBLES are all cut from Selected Rock Crystal (Oxide of Silicon) of the hardest kind. They are cool, light, faultlessly ground and polished, and cannot be scratched by ordinary wear.
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HEAD OFFICES:
57 and 59, Chancery Lane, London.
Price List of Scientific Instruments free on Application.

GUARANTEED
CARRIAGE RUBBER TYRES.
Superior to any Imported in India.
CHALLENGE COMPETITION.
COUPE & CO'S STEEL WHEELS
With Cast Iron or Gunmetal Hubs.
GOERZ TRIEDER BINOCULARS,
VERY POWERFUL,
to be SOLD on account of Indentors.
EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY
During the Race Season.
Apply.
Messrs. GOVINDJEE MADHOWJEE & Co.
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BANKERS, MERCHANTS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS.
TRAFALGAR BUILDINGS,
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CHARING CROSS, LONDON, W. C.
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A. B. C. CODE USED.
CONSIGNMENTS of PRODUCE received and disposed.
INDENTS executed with care and promptitude.
PASSAGES booked by a line of Steamers.
ALL AGENCY BUSINESS undertaken.
The representatives of WM. HUTCHINSON and Co., on RECEIPT of INTIMATION, Board Steamers from the East on their arrival at Plymouth, of Gravesend, or at the Docks, to take instructions at Clearing and Forwarding Baggage, &c.

NOTES.

INDIAN LAND REVENUE,

FOR PRINCIPLE AND SOUND POLICY
BY
TODARMAL,
Price Re. 1, Postage half-anna
To be had at the "Bombay Gazette," Bombay.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE steamer Lalpoora, 2,123 tons, Captain R Coope, sailed yesterday, for Hongkong via Rangoon, in ballast.

THE steamer Inverie, 3,112 tons, Captain W Ferguson, will sail to-day, for Dunkirk and Marseilles with a general cargo.

THE steamer Manston, 2,623 tons, Captain W R Page, arrived in harbour yesterday, from Aden, 29th February, in ballast.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Huzara, 1,336 tons, Captain A J Cole, arrived in harbour yesterday, from Bussrah, 22nd Feb., via Karachi, with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Sister Maria Theresa and 3 nuns, and 22 deck.

THE German East Africa Line steamer Reichstag, 1,319 tons, Captain H Oswald, sailed yesterday, for Zanzibar, &c., with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Mr A Dellone, Mr F Main, Mrs A Hoare, Mr C E F Hussey, 19 natives and 230 deck.

MEN-OF-WAR AND ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

IN GOVT. DOCKYARD.

H M S Assaye	Lt Comdr Lambert....Torpedo Catcher
Richard Greeh	179 ..... Lieutenant
Ceylon	Capt A Chaunce.....R N Ceylon Govt L S Steamer
R I M S Canning	Comdr G S Hewett.....R I Marine
H M S Magnala	Turret ship
H M S Abyssinia	Turret-ship
Panasserim	Receiving Hulk
Torpedo Boat No. 100	.....
Do No 102	.....
Do No 103	.....

IN THE STREAM.

R I M S Elphinstone	Lt Comdr Rowsell.....Indian Marine
H M S Reduvant	Lt Comdr G C Quayle.....Royal Navy

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—MARCH 6.

Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination	Date.	Agent
Massilia	7744	Cookman			P & O Co
Parramatta	2834	Fox			P & O Co
Carthage	2493	Jepson			P & O Co
Romford	1930	Gow			W & A G & Co
Rance	3614	Corran			T M & Co
Rajput	3615	Bullock			T M & Co
Pachumbha	344	Watson			M M & Co
Hoeclnec	731	de Lorne			B & P S N Co
Chanda	1391	Cunningham			M M & Co
Rajah	3634	Leftwich	Calcutta		T M & Co
Imaum	3705	Penbertiy			K N & Co
Goalpara	1330	Garland			M M & Co
Garfoch	2414	Craig			M M & Co
Virginia	2783	McDougall			W & A G & Co
Shirley	2168	Satchell			Bombay Co
Gedivi	23	Scovell			Yacht
Pasha	5830	Elliott			T M & Co
W Bridge	1229	Chivers			W & A G & Co
Kerteilia	1468	Hodgson			M M & Co
Haxby	2292	Upperton			W & A G & Co
Sirsa		Shepherd			M M & Co
Huzara	1336	Cole			M M & Co
Manatons	2623	Page			K N & Co

VESSELS IN DOCKS.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Shed.	Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination.	Date.	Agent.
A	Inverie	3113	Kennedy	Dunkirk	7-3	T M & Co
B	Thordale	1591	Macdonald	Hull	16-3	M M & Co
C	Asia	1434	Smith	Marseilles	14-3	W & A G Co
H & E	Futiala	1121	Hirst	Zanzibar	7-3	M M & Co
G	Nadori	1168	Little	R S Ports	10-3	B & P S N Co
H E	Castle	1631	Pugh	Hull	11-3	J M & Co
K	Vienna	2703	White	Havre	9-3	W & A G & Co
N	Kurrachee	2317	Liadle	Liverpool	7-3	W & A G & Co
O	Crozdale	1898	Fothergill	Trieste	18-3	K N & Co
P	Alexandria	2191	Jones	Liverpool	14-3	P M & Co

HARBOUR WALL.

Bahaduri	829	Fukeera	Karachi	7-3	Shepd & Co
Ingravati	513	Mahomed	Mangalore	6-3	Do

VICTORIA DOCK.

Shed.	Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination.	Date.	Agent.
1	Kalibia	3147	Tait	Marseilles	10-3	W & A G & Co
5	Sultanrat	2361	Stanners	China	12-3	P & O Co
6	Coromandel	2-32	Bennett	China	23-3	P & O Co
7	Courtfield	2274	Sheldrake	Marseilles	14-3	R Bros
8	Welgo-fels	2924	Von Freeden	Karachi	12-3	G & Co
9	Indra	3923	Wilkes	Genoa	14-3	K N & Co
12&13	Caledonia	3529	Gordon	London	7-3	P & O Co
16	Slingsby	4094	Rowe	Dunkirk	15-3	K N & Co

HARBOUR WALL.

Kola	497	Rickford	Karachi	7-3	M M & Co

ARRIVALS.

Mar.	Vessel.	Commander.	From
5	Manaton s	Page	Aden, Feb 26
	Huzara	Cole	Bussrah, Feb 22
6	Sirsa (Transport)	Shepherd	Jobia, Feb 17

DEPARTURES.

Mar.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
6	Drachenfels	Lintig	Calcutta
	Lalpoora	Coope	Hongkong
	Reichstag	Oswald	Zanzibar, &c

THE steamer Inverie, Captain Ferguson, obtained her port clearance yesterday for Dunkirk, &c.

The following vessels entered for loading yesterday:—
Steamer Sirsa, for Calcutta, &c.
" Manatona, for Liverpool, Antwerp, &c.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

SUEZ, MARCH 5.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Ross arrived from Colombo, Madras, Calcutta evening of 4th.

The German East Africa Line steamer Sultan, arrived at Zanzibar from Bombay on the 4th instant. The German East Africa Line steamer Somali arrived at Zanzibar from Rangoon on the 5th inst.

DAILY EXPORTS.—MARCH 6.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Alexandria s—211 bales wool N Goculdas; 650 cwt myrabolams J Hurchund; 100 bales cotton Ritchie Steuart and Co.
Kalibia s—2,000 cwt wheat Sanday and Co; 20 bales wool W and A Graham and Co.
Asia s—30 bales wool N Goculdas; 2,000 cwt cottonseed Volkart Brothers; 4,000 cwt benemeal S C Nanjee.

FOR HULL.

Thordale s—4,000 cwt cotton seed Morarjee Ruttonsee; 2,000 cwt benemeal A D Cassam and Co.

FOR HAMBURG.

Haxby s—110 bales cotton E Spinner and Co; 100 bales cotton David Sassoon & Co; 250 bales cotton Ritchie Stuart and Co; 1,400 cwt mauzs and 1,575 bales cotton Volkart Brothers; 3,021 cwt gingellyseed and 600 bales cotton A Baschkow and Co; 1,850 bales cotton Forbes Forbes and Co; 550 bales cotton Rolli brothers; 311 bales cotton Gaddum and Co; 250 bales hemp E Fischer and Co; 2,563 cwt myrabolams W Berge; 1,200 cwt myrabolams H Anandrao and Co; 4,000 cwt rapeseed Tata and Co; 3,333 cwt myrapolams J Hurchund; 400 cwt gum and 175 tales hemp Riddle Reeve and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

Manatona s—200 bales cotton Ritchie Steuart and Co.

FOR HAVRE.

Vienna s—20 bales hemp Riddle Reeve and Co; 3,013 cwt rapeseed and 4,01 cwt linseed Ralli brothers.

FOR LUNEBIK.

Slingsby s—1,000 cwt rapeseed Societa C Italiana; 110 bales cotton E Sassoon and Co; 1,175 cwt gingellyseed E D Sassoon and Co; 3,000 cwt linseed and 2,400 cwt cottonseed A Nixon and Co; 3,500 cwt bones M Mohomed and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Alexandria s—6,407 cwt beans Forbes Forbes and Co.
Kalibia s—200 bales cotton Volkart Brothers.
Asia s—800 cwt myrabolams Volkart Brothers; and 31,733 cwt linseed Ralli brothers.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COLONEL K. F. NICHOLSON, A. D. C., COMMANDING B. V. R.

Camp, Santa Cruz, 7th March.

1. Detail—Orderly Officer for Saturday Lieut G A Phillips. Battalion Orderly Sergt for Saturday Lce Sergt A H Underdown.
Battalion Orderly Corpl for Saturday Corpl F Gidney.
2. Train Service—The Railway authorities have notified that they have reserved accommodation by the train leaving Santa Cruz at 9-45 a.m. (Bombay Time) and by the train leaving Church Gate at 5-0 p.m. (Bombay Time) daily—Volunteers must travel by these trains only. Accommodation will be found in front of the Up Train and in rear of the Down train.
3. When Parading after 5 p.m. during the Camp, Members will wear Forage caps.
4. Members who have not yet completed their Class Firing are requested to do so during the Camp week on the B B and C I H Volunteers Ranges which has been kindly lent for this purpose. These members will parade at 10 a.m. daily in front of the Quarter Guard.
5. The Battalion will parade at Santa Cruz to-day (Saturday), the 7th instant, at 4-30 p.m.
Dress—Drill order, Khaki, putties leather chin straps and helmet buttons to be worn. Members of Adult Companies may wear Lawnpore Hats.
(2) Special carriages will be attached to the train leaving Colaba at 3-5 p.m. (Bombay Time). Railway fares will be paid for those members joining this train at Colaba, Church Gate, Marine Lines, Charni Road and Mahaluxmi Stations. Members travelling from other Stations by the G I P Railway will pay their own fares which will be refunded. Accommodation will be found in front of the Up train and in rear of the Down train.
6. The "Highland Challenge Cup," presented by C E Pullimore, Esq., will be fired for at Cooria on Friday the 13th instant at 6-15 a.m.
Conditions—Open only to Adult Members with less than 5 years. (Cadet service not to count).
Distance—200 and 500 yards.
Position—200 yards standing, 500 yards any military.
No. of Shots—seven and one sighting shot at each distance.
7. A class of Instruction for Proficiency certificates will be held in Camp at 10-30 a.m. daily. Members wishing to attend should give in their names at once to the Orderly Room.
A special train will leave Santa Cruz at 1-15 (Bo. time) mid-night.
By Order,
P. H. ROGERS, Major,
Adjutant, B. V. R.

NOTICE.

There will be a Concert in the Volunteers' Mess to-day (Saturday) the 7th inst., after dinner. Members may invite Lady friends.
A special train will leave Santa Cruz at 11-15 (Bo. time) mid-night.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUTENANT-COLONEL LOUIS P. RUSSELL, COMMANDING B. V. A.

Mahaluxmi Fort, 7th March.

1. Detail:—Orderly Sergt for to-day—Corpl T L Clarke.
2. The following Competition and Inspection will take place to-day:—
Morning at 6-30 a.m.—The Galacre Cup Competition.
Evening Inspection by the General Officer Commanding Bombay District at 4-30 p.m.
The attention of members is drawn to the fact that attendance at the above inspection is compulsory. Leave of absence must be obtained in writing from the Officer Commanding the Corps on medical certificate forwarded. Any member not complying with the above becomes Non-efficient for the year.
Dress for the above parades, Drill order without arms.
Putties to be worn.
Putties not to be worn by men competing in the "Inter Corps" and "Galacre Cup" Competition.
3. The following member having joined has been posted on the strength of the Corps and taken to No. 2 Sub-Divn No. 2 Coy:—Gunner G Walton.
By Order,
G. STOUDART, Capt., R. A.,
Adjutant, B. V. A.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

SQUADRON ORDERS.

Bombay, 7th March.

1. It is notified for information that the Annual Camp will open at Santa Cruz on Wednesday the 11th instant and conclude with the Annual Inspection on Saturday afternoon the 21st idem.
By Order,
T. W. CUFFE, Capt.,
Commanding B. L. H.

A SIMILE AND A MORAL.—"What the dustman is to the dwelling in which we live, that Hunyadi János is to the local habitation of the human spirit," Thus writes a well-known medical writer,

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NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications intended for publication in our columns should be addressed to THE EDITOR and not to any individual member of the staff.

The Bombay Gazette

SATURDAY, MARCH 7, 1903.

CAPE COLONY FOR THE SETTLER.

THE Cape authorities have taken a step in the right direction in requesting Messrs. P. S. King and Son (Orchard House, Westminster) to prepare a handbook for the use of intending settlers in Cape Colony. The work has been entrusted to the able hands of Mr. A. D. E. Burton, F. R. G. S., who has marshalled his information and tabulated his figures with due regard not only to accuracy but to awakening the interest of his readers. Coloured maps give graphically the rainfall in the different districts and its incidence through the year, the distribution of sheep, goats, horses, mules, and asses, horned cattle, and ostriches. In an appendix are data relating to the area and price of Crown Lands through the Colony, while an exhaustive table has been furnished by representative farmers as to the nature of the lands in each district. Wages and rent, price of provisions, clothing, stock, animal, and agricultural produce are clearly defined for the benefit of the settler. Illustrations there are in plenty, and the whole is bound in a khaki cover at the modest price of half a crown. Mr. Burton has drawn upon every class in Cape Colony for his information, and all his statements are based on actual Cape experience. He warns settlers in his introduction that a reliable agent is a necessary factor in making a bargain in Cape land. He describes the country which awaits the immigrant, and takes him first through its flora, a flora which some years ago was the rage in Europe, as orchids and palms are now. The dryness of the climate of the Colony is a drawback to cultivation in some parts, but it favours the growth of the everlasting flower, the white variety of which goes out in large quantities to London and Hamburg and thence all over Europe. As much as £23,366 was received for them in 1901. Collecting the heads gives occupation to children and "frail and needy people" for three months of the year. The colonists are improving much in their cultivation of fruit, but there are still openings for enterprise such "as have never existed here within the memory of man because new gold and diamond fields and fresh industries of every kind are sure to be begun in the new Colonies, attracting a large population in addition to that already in the country." Every facility is at hand, only intelligent and practised growers are required "to turn skilled fruit-growing into gold." The Fruit Growers' Associations now established at the Cape have begun the very necessary work of breaking in upon the old conservative methods. Mr. Burton tells settlers what fruits ripen and where, everymonth, and advises them as to what to do when they join the ranks of the Capers. Wine growing is increasing rapidly, and the Cape is showing every year greater confidence in its own wine, consuming less of imported sorts and more of the home-made. A paper full of interesting data on the cultivation of the vine is inserted written by the late J. P. De Waal who knew more about vines than most people and did wonders for viticulture in South Africa.

Dairying is an occupation that is fast developing under the impulse given by railways to the quick transport of butter and cheese. Cape oxen, for draught purposes, are required in ever decreasing numbers, but as for the butcher their period of probation is much shorter. The return to the cattle-rearer is quicker and larger. Here again is a field for new comers which facilities for cold storage and rapid transport make available. The dairy industry is by no means at its height, but the Cape Government sends a travelling dairy round as an object lesson, and is educating its people in producing good butter and cheese. The sheep farms are an older institution, the Cape wool and the produce of the Angora goat have been long in great request, and bring in handsome profits. Cape horses and mules are being steadily improved, and the horse-breeding industry is one of these which will make an admirable pastoral pursuit for the settler. The recent war has shown what the South African horse can do, and that he is worth attention and cultivation. Wheat growing in the Colony is on a fairly large scale in the south-western corner. The return is generally tenfold, in some places indeed, owing to the overflowing of local rivers and their depositing rich silt in the banks in patches, wheat yields over a hundred fold. But these are small and isolated pieces of land, and do not much affect the general outturn. Lucerne Mr. Burton considers the most paying crop in the Karroo lands, though it has an insidious and determined enemy in the dodder plant, which either sucks its life or strangles it while growing. So powerful is this parasite that even one successful seed can spread ruin over the largest lucerne field. It is "as pleasant there as fire in a haystack." And when this enemy is in the field there is only one way of dealing with it, treatment with sulphate of iron, and burning it out, and in this the farmer must be heroic. Every scrap of lucerne, weeds, and dodder must be consumed to ashes. "Dodder burning is not a ceremony done for the sake of appearances like smelling one's top-hat when one goes to church." Lucerne is a good fattener for sheep. One acre can fatten sixty or seventy sheep in a year, and a lucerne field is the favourite grazing ground for ostriches—five ostriches to the acre—they strip the leaves and tops off and leave the stem. Cattle, horses, or sheep devour this. The profits too are far beyond other crops. One Graaffreinet farmer who depends on flood water for irrigation made in six months—of a terrible drought year—£2,000 directly in fattening, and indirectly in butter from 150 acres of lucerne. The cost was computed at under £119 leaving a handsome balance of £1,880 or £12-10 per acre for six months. Locusts seldom touch lucerne, rust does not consume it, and even hail storms cannot destroy it as they do grain. A field of lucerne lasts for years, producing well and without much expense or attention, once it is established. In Graaffreinet there is a plot that is said to be growing for the last seventy years, and New Mexico tops this with fields under lucerne for over a hundred years. Even when made into hay lucerne is not easily time barred, mice and rats do not relish it as they do oat hay. But this rich crop does not grow like Jack's beanstalk in a night. Its return has to be awaited for perhaps two years, but after that it rewards the grower. This delay in reaping the benefit of his sowing often prevents the needy farmer from sowing it, and he puts down cereals instead which involve less initial, though yearly, expenditure.

Ostrich farming is well understood in the Colony. These birds number about 200,000, and are for the most part reared on lucerne. Selected birds yield £3 net per plucking on this food, and are plucked every eight months without injury. Therefore, in two years the ostrich farmer makes £9 per bird, and as an acre of lucerne will carry five birds, it is easy to calculate the profit. Mr. Burton shows it at over twenty-two pounds per acre. The value of ostrich feathers exported in 1901 was £339,049. The income from these birds is double that from sheep, but their management "requires knowledge and experience, close personal supervision, and suitable pastures." In plucking the ostrich his head is hidden not in the sand but in a bag; some feathers are pulled right out, the white ones are cut off, the quills being left to drop out in the natural order lest the sockets should be injured. The feathers are carefully sorted in bunches for sale in the Colony or for shipment abroad. Ostrich farming may be carried on with dairying, the cattle eating the coarse grass and thus thinning out the bush when the birds can roam about and graze down the upper growths of the lucerne. The irrigation problem has occupied engineers and water experts for some time in Cape Colony. And here Mr. Burton must be on the right tack when he says that the water should be locked or diverted at considerable altitudes, for pumping or other complicated methods of supply add to the cost, and prevent cheap production. "The more compact the area and intense the system, the more profitable." Pumping will pay only where a good market is near for high priced crops. For the brak land, that filled with alkaline salts, of which so many tracts lie like deserts athwart the Colony, Mr. Burton says there is nothing for them but "under-draining" owing to the formation of the strata of the land. Application of gypsum may answer to a small extent, but no radical change can be made until the cause of the formation of alkaline salts is removed by under-drainage. The reclamation of these tracts and artificial distribution of the irregular rainfall by conducting water from the big rivers that have an abundant supply at one period or another of the year would make of Cape Colony a fertile garden where all that is useful for man or beast could be raised in generous measure. For the settler who can bring energy and initiative, stiffened with sufficient capital to wait for the waggon-loads of harvest that will come after two years have rolled by, there are plenty of fresh fields and pastures new in Cape Colony. Mr. Burton teaches him what to do, and informs him as to the outlay requisite to start a profitable farming installation.

AFFAIRS IN CHINA.

REPORTS as to the disturbed condition of China are confirmed by the "North China Herald." Ever since Prince Tuan and General Tung Fu-hsiang were allowed to get away in safety to the north of Kansu in 1900 it has been generally believed that they were gathering together an army with a view to a march on Peking. The announcement that four thousand imperial troops had been disbanded at Kansu is taken to mean that they have been transferred to the command of Tung-Fu-hsiang. The object of this movement is to restore the ex-heir apparent to the position from which he was displaced as a mark of the Empress Dowager's displeasure. It may take effect at any moment, and we need waste no sympathy on the Dowager if the interpretation of her present conduct by our contemporary is correct. It represents that the Chinese Government with the Empress Dowager at its head and giving her orders from within the precincts of the palace is openly pretending in the presence of the representatives of the various foreign powers to be eager to initiate reforms on Western lines, but in reality Imperial instructions have been secretly issued to the Viceroys and Governors of provinces, prohibiting the inauguration of foreign methods within their several jurisdictions. At the present juncture the Grand Secretary Yung Lu, the Grand Councillor Lu Chuan-lin, the Chief Eunuch Li Lien Ying and the Empress Dowager are conjointly engaged in the same policy. Furthermore, it is stated that owing to the friendliness towards foreigners of the Viceroy Chang Chih-tung it is intended to displace him and put in his place a Mahomedan official who will assist the Government in its scheme. Outside the capital, it is said, Prince Tuan is to control matters. Tung-Fu-hsiang joined by the officials and partisans of the Boxers who have not paid the last penalty, will join in placing Pu-Chun the ex-heir apparent, on the Dragon throne. His Majesty Kuang Hsu is to be made away with, and accompanying him in his flight into the spirit world are to be the representatives of the various foreign powers and all foreigners without distinction. It is well that China is forewarned as to what is to happen.

THE COMMITTEE OF DEFENCE.

THE Imperial Government are to be congratulated on the wisdom of the change in the constitution of the Committee of Defence, which now becomes a permanent body composed of the four highest naval and military experts, with the Prime Minister, the First Lord of the Admiralty, the Secretary for War, and the President of the Council. The House of Commons, we are told, received Mr. Balfour's motion appointing the reconstituted Committee as a permanent body, with enthusiasm. Members were rejoiced, no doubt, to recognise some of the fruits of the wisdom taught by the Boer War. Whatever changes of Government may come it is satisfactory to know that the grave problems of Imperial defence will no longer be the shuttlecock of party. In his speech at Liverpool Mr. Balfour said it was intended that the Committee should keep records, and its decisions and conclusions would serve for the guidance of its successors, and thus secure a continuity of policy. The fact that it is no longer a purely Cabinet Committee should also be a guarantee against a repetition of the situation before the war when the Cabinet were unable to believe the statements of their military advisers. The conclusions of the Committee of Defence will not be binding on the Cabinet, but at the same time the Government which disregards the decisions of a body compo ed of the Comm nder-in-Chief, the first Naval Lord, the Directors of Naval and Military Intelligence, and the four chief members of the Cabinet will run a grave risk of meeting disaster. It is, indeed, hardly conceivable that the conclusions of a Committee so constituted should not be entirely accepted by the Government. The new departure should enable us to fix the responsibility for any future failure like that which left us unprepared at the outbreak of the war; and it is to be hoped that as Mr. Balfour observed it will bear rich fruit in regard to the ever increasing gravity of the problems of Imperial defence.

THE BOMBAY CROPS.

THE season reports for the week ending March 3rd show very little change from the previous week, the agricultural prospects throughout the presidency being on the whole favourable. In the Ahmedabad District standing wheat, gram, and barley crops are thriving, and lands are being prepared for summer crops in two talukas. In parts of Sanand and Viramgam talukas cotton and oil-seed crops have been slightly damaged by frost. Standing crops are in good condition in the Panch Mahals, and the harvesting of gram has been completed. The standing crops in both the Kaira and Broach districts are also in good condition, and the water supply adequate. In the Surat district the cotton crop has been slightly damaged by rain and cloudy weather in some places, and the rabi crop slightly damaged by insects in parts of Bulsar taluka. Otherwise things are satisfactory. In the Thana and Kolaba districts the rabi crops are in good condition, collection of rabi materials is in progress, and burning has commenced in some places. The same remarks apply to Ratnagiri district. Reaping of rabi crops has commenced in the Khandesh district, and the harvesting and winnowing of bajri and jowari are also in progress. Standing rabi crops are doing well in the Nasik district, except in parts of Baglan and Kalvan talukas where they are suffering from want of sufficient moisture. In the Ahmednagar district rabi crops are generally in good condition, and the reaping of jowari, wheat, and gram is in progress. In the Poona district the oil-seed crop has been slightly damaged by blight in parts of Bhimthadi taluka. Crops are otherwise in good condition. Reaping of jowari, wheat and oil-seed crops is in progress throughout the Sholapur district, and the harvesting of kharif crops and pressing of sugarcane continue in the Satara district. In the Bijapur district the tur crop is being harvested, but the estimate of outturn is poor. Reaping and harvesting of rabi, jowari, wheat, and gram are in progress except in two talukas. In the Belgaum district things are satisfactory, but in the Dharwar district exotic cotton is damaged in parts of three talukas. Agricultural stock is sufficient, and cattle in good condition generally throughout the presidency.

EARLY CALCUTTA.

CALCUTTA with all its wealth and its palaces and monuments has undergone immense changes since the time when the Governor and his Council walked in procession to church, and to a demand for a carriage the Governor got the answer from the Company, quoted by Mr. G. W. Forrest in his "Cities of India," that "if he wanted a chaise and pair he must pay for them himself." Compare this stern spirit to the immortal ten days at Delhi. Still, according to Hamilton, "most gentlemen and ladies in Bengal, lived both splendidly and pleasantly . . . when pride and contention did not spoil society, which too often they do among the ladies, as discord and faction do among men." Calcutta is not any different in that respect now, we may assume. Cuddalore and its old factory reminded Mr. Forrest of the solicitude of the East India Company for the souls of its employes. Bibles and Catechisms were sent there from home in almost as great profusion as arms and ammunition. Two rupees was the official reward for being able to repeat the Catechism. Lying, swearing, and cursing were punished by fines for every offence; the fines to go to the poor, a defaulter was to "sett in the stocks three hours." If these penalties held good now, how silent that Fort would be in business hours, or else how rich the poor! To "appear to be drunk" earned a five-shilling fine, or to "sett in the stocks six hours." To be absent without reasonable excuse from morning and evening prayers on week days meant a fine of twelve pence to the poor or confinement to the house for one week. Non-attendance on Sundays at the public prayers bore a like fine or imprisonment till it was paid. These were the Company's parental rules in 1679. In the Cuddalore Churchyard is one tomb that must attract the traveller, that of Agnes Macdonald "who died on the 7th July, 1732, of a broken heart, aged 20," her husband having been "murdered by an infuriated rabble of Muslem a fortnight previously."

AMONG the passengers homeward by to-day's mail steamer will be Mrs. Leiter and Miss Daisy Leiter, who came to India for the Delhi Durbar.

HIS EXCELLENCY VISCOUNT DE WHEM, Consul-General for Portugal in British India, received a letter from Colonel L. Herbert of the staff of H.R.H. the Duke of

TELEGRAMS.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

THE ARMY REFORM SCHEME.

DEBATE IN THE LORDS.

SOUTH AFRICA AS A MILITARY BASE.

LONDON, MARCH 6.

Earl Carrington, speaking in the House of Lords, moved for the reconsideration of the Army Scheme in view of the experiences in South Africa.

The Duke of Bedford in seconding the motion advocated making South Africa a military base to which it was reasonable to expect India to contribute.

Lord Hardwicke defended the Army Corps Scheme which effected decentralization and taught Officers initiative.

The Earl of Selborne said that the Army Corps Scheme expressed the principles by which the Government stood, namely, the Navy first and an Army sufficient for Imperial needs and organized in all details.

Lord Lansdowne said that the maintenance of a base in South Africa would mean an extra cost of fifty pounds per man annually.

The motion was defeated by 51 votes to 15.

THE POPE'S HEALTH.

INDISPOSITION SHAKEN OFF.

The Pope has recovered from his indisposition.

NEW NAVAL PORT AND BASE IN SCOTLAND.

ST. MARGARET'S HOPE.

Mr. Balfour, speaking in the House of Commons, announced that a naval port and base will be established at St. Margaret's Hope on the north side of the Forth near Queensferry.

THE SOMALILAND CAMPAIGN.

MAIN COLUMN'S ADVANCE.

LONDON, MARCH 5.

The main column leaves Obbia on the 6th inst. General Manning has learned that the Mullah has returned to Mudug with the bulk of his force. It is hoped that the flying columns will come in contact with him.

FRANCE AND ABYSSINIA.

MENELIK AND M. LAGARDE.

DEPARTURE OF THE FRENCH MINISTER.

M. Lagarde, the French Minister, who latterly has been on indifferent terms with Menelik, is quitting Abyssinia and will not return.

EFFICIENCY OF THE VOLUNTEERS.

COMMISSION OF INQUIRY.

Mr. Brodrick has announced that a Royal Commission will be appointed to examine into the condition of the Volunteer forces.

THE COMMITTEE OF IMPERIAL DEFENCE.

A RECONSTITUTED BODY.

CONTINUITY OF POLICY.

Mr. Balfour in the House of Commons moved that the growing needs of the Empire required the establishment of a permanent Defence Committee, the members of the Committee to be those mentioned on the 14th ult., viz., the Premier, the First Lord of the Admiralty, the Secretary for War, the President of the Council, the Commander-in-Chief, the First Naval Lord, and the Directors of Naval and Military Intelligence. The results of their work should be handed from Government to Government securing a continuity of policy hitherto not possessed.

The motion was received with enthusiasm and adopted.

THE ARMY ESTIMATES.

A BIG BILL.

SOUTH AFRICAN EXPENDITURE.

The Army estimates amount to £34,245,000 for 235,761 men, exclusive of India. The estimates include four millions for special South African expenditure.

THE RAGGING SCANDALS.

COLONEL KINLOCH'S RETIREMENT.

RESULT OF AN INQUIRY.

Mr. Brodrick, in reply to Mr. Bromley-Davenport, said that Colonel Kinloch had been relieved of his command after an enquiry at which he was the first witness. He had served with distinction apart from this affair, but the condition of his battalion compelled his retirement. The irregularities have now been checked.

THE BAGDAD RAILWAY.

BUILDING OF THE FIRST SECTION.

CONVENTION SIGNED.

A convention providing for the construction of the first section of the Bagdad Railway from Konia to Eregli has been signed at Constantinople.

DUBLIN UNIVERSITY ELECTION.

At the election at Dublin University to replace Mr. Lecky, retired, Campbell, Unionist, gained 1,497 votes and Samuels 1,430.

At the general election in 1900, Mr. Lecker (U) and Sir Edward Carson (C) were returned unopposed. At the bye-election in 1895 caused by the elevation of the Rt. Hon. Mr. D. R. Plunket to the Peerage Mr. Lecky defeated Mr. G. Wright (C) by 746 votes, the figures being Lecky (L U) 1,737 and Wright (C) 1,011.

THE EXCITEMENT ON THE COTTON MARKET.

A telegraphic correction from London states that the amount of sales is 800,000 bales and not dollars as at first telegraphed.

THE MAILS.

LONDON, MARCH 6.

The Bombay Mails of the 21st ultimo arrived at Brindisi yesterday.

DURBAR VISITORS IN MYSORE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BANGALORE, MARCH 6.

Earl Crewe, a former Viceroy of Ireland, and Mr Willoughby Pemberton, as the guests of the Maharajah of Mysore, passed through Kadur on the night of the 1st instant to Hipla where their shikar camp has been arranged. News has since been received that Earl Crewe has shot a bison, and is returning to Mysore to visit Seringapatam with Sir Donald Robertson.

THE VICEROY'S LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MARCH 6.

At the meeting of the Viceroy's Legislative Council to-day the consideration of the Paper Currency Bill was postponed, the Viceroy stating that a slight change in it is to be made.

In presenting the report on the Probate Bill, Sir Denzil Ibbetson explained that the changes introduced by the Select Committee included the consolidation of the existing legislation relating to probate, and the extension to the highest Court of Appeal in each Province of the powers regarding probate now enjoyed by the High and Chief Courts.

Replying to the Agha Khan, Sir Edmund Elles explained that the latest returns showed that out of 28,000 native troops belonging to the Madras Command, including Burma, some 15,000 come from the Madras recruiting area which includes the Central Provinces; while of the 27,000 native troops in the Bombay Command, including Sind and Baluchistan, some 14,000 were from the Bombay recruiting area which includes Rajputana. The Imperial Service troops numbered 17,473.

The remainder of the business was formal. It included the laying upon the table of the Select Committee's reports upon the Works of Defence Bill and the Tea Cess Bill and the passing of the Indian Post Office Bill.

The next meeting will be held this day week.

THE VICTORIA MEMORIAL HALL.

RESULT OF VOTING OF THE TRADES ASSOCIATION.

CALCUTTA, MARCH 6.

The result of voting of the members of the Calcutta Trades Association subject to the Victoria Memorial site is fifty-eight for the Cathedral Avenue and only eight for the Fort site.

THE HYDERABAD CONTINGENT.

Savings amounting to half a lakh from the reduction in the staff and over one lakh from the changes in the cavalry are estimated to result next year from the reorganisation of the Hyderabad Contingent. Against these savings there will be an outlay of close upon one and half lakhs for new lines at Aurangabad and Bolarum.

THE MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Mr. W. Waters is gazetted Assistant Engineer in the Marine Department

LORD KITCHENER.

Lord Kitchener is expected back in Calcutta on the 10th instant from the frontier.

INSPECTOR-GENERAL OF CAVALRY.

The "Indian Daily News" understands that Colonel Haig, 17th Lancers, has been appointed Inspector-General of Cavalry in India vice Major-General Lock-Elliot who completes his tenure of the post on the 31st March.

MILITARY DAIRIES.

Military dairies for supplying British troops with milk and butter are to be opened shortly at Quetta, Wellington, Peshawar, Sialkot, Secunderabad, Rawalpindi, and Meerut. Those at Mhow and Belgaum are to be enlarged.

ASSISTANT DIRECTOR-GENERAL OF THE POST OFFICE.

Mr. A. Ryan, Assistant Director-General, Indian Post Office, proceeds on six months' leave, Mr. G Shoneman officiating.

GAZETTE OF INDIA NOTIFICATIONS.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Indian Army:—Captains Paxton, Dobbie, and Moore to be Majors.

Indian Medical Service:—Captains Crawford, Jiwansingh, James, O'Kinealy, Buist, Whitcomb, and Basu to be Majors; and Lieutenants Gilchrist, McGaw, Thurston, Browse, Goodbody, Stein, Mewes, MacInnes, Matthews, Stephen, Gilbert, Stokes, Mackenzie, Thornby, Best, Murphy, Carry, Murison, Williams, Long, and Beamish to be Captains.

REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE DEPARTMENT.

Veterinary Major Brodie-Mills, Principal, Bombay Veterinary-College, has been allowed twelve months' furlough from to-morrow.

Mr W. S. Meyer is appointed to the Board of Management, Indian People's Famine Trust.

THE CANTONMENT HOUSE ACCOMMODATION ACT.

ADJOURNED MEETING OF MILITARY OFFICIALS.

POONA, MARCH 6.

At the adjourned meeting of the Military Officials to consider the advisability of extending the House Accommodation Act to the Poona and Kirkee cantonments, held at the District Staff Office, it was resolved that the Act should be applied to the above Cantonments. It was also resolved to add further lines to Military officers such as Queen's Gardens, Jubilee, Staunton, and Staveley roads; also north and south Petty Staff Lines will be reserved especially for Military officers, but after the requirements of the Military have been satisfied anybody who is not military will take the permission of the General Officer Commanding to take an unoccupied bungalow. Any one holding a bungalow in military parts on lease will not be required to vacate, but on expiry will have to take permission from the military section of the Cantonment which are Lothian, Arsenal, Elphinstone, Napier, and Phayre roads, reserved for Military, and have to take the permission of the General. A proposition to exclude this latter portion of the Cantonment from the operation of the Act was negatived. The Committee decided to send to the Government of India for sanction.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

CALCUTTA, MARCH 6.

Mr. F. Otto officiates as Registrar, Military Department of the Government of India, vice Mr. Cartland, on leave.

Lieutenant Keigley, 18th Bengal Lancers, is gazetted A.-D.C. to the Viceroy, vice Captain Yarde-Buller, resigned.

Major Stuart, Assistant Director-General of Ordnance, India, has one year's leave home.

It is notified that the administration of the British Contingent, in North China will be transferred to the War Office with effect from the 1st April.

THE SOMALILAND EXPEDITION.

ARRIVAL OF THE SIRSA.

The hired transport Sirsa, Captain J. A. Shepherd, arrived in harbour yesterday from Obbia which port she left on the 17th February. The Sirsa conveyed from here the General Base Hospital for Obbia, arriving there on the 10th February. A portion of the details were disembarked on the day of arrival the remainder being landed on the following day. The weather being very rough the stores could not be landed, only a portion being sent ashore, the rest was discharged at Berbera. The Sirsa left Obbia on her return voyage on the 17th February, calling at Berbera on the 21st idem. General Manning was still waiting to have a further supply of camels, in order to make a move into the interior of the country. When the Sirsa was at Obbia H.M.S. Cruisers Perseus and Naiad were lying at anchor, and H.M.S. Brisk visited the port and remained a day, after which she sailed for Aden. The Italian gunboat is also still lying there. She received a supply of coal from H.M.S. Perseus in order to pursue the dhows which were playing about suspected to have contraband arms and ammunition. The Sirsa left Berbera on the 26th for Aden arriving there on the next day. She passed the transport Palitana which sailed from here on the 12th February. At Berbera everything is quiet. At Aden the Brisk and three torpedo boats were lying, and H.M.S. Perseus also arrived there from Obbia. The Sirsa brought two men, 2nd Sikh Regiment, and 4 followers.

WOMEN'S INTERESTS.

NEW FABRICS FOR THE SPRING.

FLECKED TWEEDS AND TARTANS.

THE SLAUGHTER OF THE INNOCENTS

(FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, FEBRUARY 13.

The new fabrics have declared themselves, and most of them seemed enamoured of flecked or spotted surfaces, and they are all more or less of the canvas kind and have that nice crisp softness in the way they hang peculiar to things canvassy. There is, for example, in tailor fabrics what would appear to be a light tweed, but which in the hand reveals itself as a canvas with a roughish flecked tweed surface. It is a very pleasant fabric, with white and little coloured flecks irregularly dotted over its surface, and the tailor costumes made of it seem just the sort of useful light coat and skirt one wants to have on hand, say, from April till October. And then the bopeeps are also many of them spotted, but with a regular pin-spot, and with this same spot are also patterned many voiles, though in all the new ranges of materials we find samples of the fabric plain as well. The white spot is of course the most popular, and white spottings and flockings are ever a vitalising note in fabric, and only aggressive when needless bold and irregular. One may expect, therefore, for the new fabrics great success. In the canvas tweeds or tweed canvases the bright coloured flecks introduced with the white are very happy. A tailor costume of greyish browns with black and white and emerald green flecks has the emerald green picked out as the accessory decorative colour, and there were strappings and tabs, &c., on which a delicate line of silver and white embroidery is introduced. The result is very happy, and one can imagine all sorts of nicely arranged effects suggested by these new fabrics.

In all of them there seemed to be a white as well as a coloured fleck, which counts to them for success, as, whenever two colours are contrasted, the introduction of white therewith immensely improves their joint effect. This is a case in point. An intelligent dressmaker, to introduce some pretty pale blue on a black frock, will generally bring it in on a white lace front, not straight on to the black fabric. One is inclined to predict for those flecked tailor fabrics an instant success. These are as well, of course, genuine tweeds of a light make, and these air themselves in the brightest pale colours, pinks, blues, &c.; and these also have the threads mixed—a pink tweed, for instance, will be really a mixing of pink and white threads, a blue tweed a mixing of blue and white threads, and so on. These are distinctly preferable to plain self-coloured tweeds, the white thread gives such an agreeable softness to bright colour. And then the white mixture seems to prepare the way for the white laces of the underlying blouse, and for the white which is sure to be present in the headgear; for there is still that harmonious agreement in the parts of a costume that has been so good a feature of fashion for the last year or two, and she who has a pretty taste in combining tones has had, and will still have, ample opportunity for its exercise. These flecks fabrics lend themselves even better than the plain to effective and dainty colour schemes. And in this connexion the hat and the blouse, if it be a case of a tailor costume are important factors, and to our assistance there will come this season artificial flowers, even better considered with regard to tones of colour than hitherto, and altogether fascinating. Recently a toque for spring of creamy white straw, with just some round bunches of small roses as extra trimming has been worn. The straw itself was manipulated cleverly, and these roses were coloured in differing shades of a most lovely dull deep pink that seemed to have a silvery grey bloom upon it. These roses were most bewitching, and this particular shade of dark pink has been seen on several very new hats lately. It is to be a feature. Another toque was formed of sweet peas, in which the same dull pink and a bluish purple (very usual sweet-pea tones) gave the colouring. It was a flower turban; and in this bevy of new hats one remarked both turbans and perfectly flat large round hats, also formed of pleatings of tulle. A "chic" thing in Paris just now is a flat wide hat formed in pleatings of tulle with a line of fur (mink-tail is the best) bordering the brim and finished with a feather or leaves, &c.

Queen Alexandra, the Princess of Wales, the Princess Christian, and the Duchess of Argyll have been for many years pioneers in the use of British manufactured materials, and their influence has done much to revive industries that were fast falling into decay. British manufacturers have already abundantly proved that they are capable of competing both in quality and colouring with the most elaborate of continental houses. Our own manufacturers are showing admirable combination both of home-made stuffs and Indian and Colonial importations. Pink in all its tintings remains one of the most fashionable and certainly one of the most becoming colours for evening wear. Pink flowered taffets, spangled tulle, embroidered Indian mull, voile, and a diaphanous material resembling aeraphane are the most favoured materials; and small flowers and fine foliage are arranged at the neck and the foot of the skirt, with a cluster of matching natural ones thrust in at the belt and fastened on the left side of the corsage near the arm. Among spring dress fabrics there will appear some new tartans in very pretty colour mixture like old rose, sage grey, and cream white, sumach red, olive green, and golden brown, mauve, amber, and damask red. There will also be shown handsomely striped plaids, besides many floral and conventional patterns in delicate art colours. It is suggested that these stripes and plaids, on new spring gowns, will be arranged so as to diversify the usual effect of line going all in one direction, the fabric on some of the bodices being cut so that in the case of stripes these all converge at certain seams, and to produce this result the side seams are taken quite on the cross. If the lining of the gown be cut exactly on the straight and the outside bias, there will be no fear of undue stretching though the two materials be cut in exactly opposite ways. All the prophecies concerning the continuation of the vogue of the lily-shaped dress skirts seem now quite likely to materialise among forthcoming spring styles. The flare below the knees will be produced in various attractive ways. Grace is still evidently to be the keynote in matters of dress, while all the soft beautiful wool fabrics of the new season will contribute their share to the clinging, semi-classic scheme of the day. The beautiful laces used this season as garniture are strikingly effective over the velvet and cloth costumes and wraps they adorn. Irish lace in all its wonderful patterns is the most fashionable and suitable for combining with the richer materials. Sparets appliques, bands, and points are used on soft wools and the many varieties of rich silks. In most instances three different widths are used, in either band or applique garnitures. One of the novelty bodice models is called the "surplice blouse." It is draped over a closely fitted lining, and has the surplice fronts gathered on the shoulders, the ends crossing each other considerably lower than the familiar surplice styles of other seasons. The tapering ends encircle the waist front in blouse fashion, and are tied either at the back or on the left side. The neck is cut slightly low in front, calling into use a adjustable chemisette with standing collar. About four yards of medium-white material are required for the making of this blouse, which is extremely graceful and pretty on a slender figure.

Ladies who are in the habit of wearing feathers and wings in their hats will be interested in the doings of the Society for the Protection of Birds. The origin of this admirable institution is most interesting. At a meeting of the British Association as long ago at 1868 occurred a dramatic scene which first drew general public attention to the part taken by women in the destruction of bird life. Professor Newton was denouncing the slaughter of seabirds off our coasts in this breeding time especially, and he urged that the fashion then prevailing of wearing birds and wings in hats gave an impetus to this massacre. "Fair and innocent as the snowy plumes may appear in a lady's hat," he said, "I must tell the wearer the truth—she bears the murderer's brand on her forehead." The sensation caused among the ladies present was voiced by the dauntless advocate of women's rights—Miss Lydia Becker—who protested against any responsibility being placed on the shoulders of the innocent wearers of plumes. "No lady, she cried, amid the applause of her audience, would willingly wear the feathers of a bird that was destroyed in the act of feeding its young." That was thirty-four years ago. To-day it is impossible to walk down a street or to ride in trains or buses without seeing dozens of women flaunting on their heads huge osprey aigrettes; and all these ospreys, it is perfectly well known, mean the destruction of birds in the nesting season, of parent birds feeding their young.

Some time after Professor Newton's speech an Act was passed for the preservation of seabirds; later, a Plumage League was formed as a woman's protest against bird-murder; and in 1889 the Society for the Protection of Birds was started, having for its primary object the banding together of all women who would abjure the use of such feathers as required the death of birds as their price. The actual founder of the society was Mrs. R. W. Williamson, who remains one of its vice-presidents; and among the earliest workers was Mrs. Edward Phillips, well known in humanitarian circles, who brought both a warm heart and a keen intellect to the task of converting her fellow-women. The secretary in those early days was Miss Hannah Poland, and all that was asked of co-workers was the payment of such a membership fee as would not shut out the humblest sympathiser, and the pledge not to wear any feathers but those of ostriches and of poultry and game-birds killed for food. No society could have begun more modestly; but neither can any society live and grow without funds with which to spread abroad its propaganda. Before long, too, it was seen that the S.P.B. was not destined to be merely a Bird-Lovers' Society of ladies eccentric enough to place some other consideration in front of their millinars' decrees, but that there was scope for its labours in a much wider field. Ornithologists, as well as humanitarians, recognised the potentialities of such an association, and accordingly the society's ranks were opened to admit all advocates of bird protection; and from the simple anti-plume league it developed into an organisation for protecting wild birds in every way and by all available means from wanton slaughter and cruelty and especially for checking the destruction of rarer species.

Meanwhile the Duchess of Portland had in 1891 become president, and her Grace has since taken the warmest interest in the movement. About the same time the hon. secretaryship was undertaken by Mrs. Frank E. Lemon, whose untiring devotion to the work has done so much to metamorphose the society from a loosely-held-together association of units into a strong and compact body composed of sole units and sentimentalists, utilitarians and poets, working for a common end. The Bird Protection Act of 1880 which is the Magna Charta of the bird world, was framed before the S.P.B. came into existence; but the Acts of 1894, 1896, and 1902, under which county councils are empowered to amplify the feeble provisions of the original measure by giving protection to selected species throughout the year, setting apart breeding areas, protecting eggs, etc., are products of the society's influence. To its efforts is also due the recent edict forbidding the export of bird skins and plumes from India. That the society has not obtained all the grants of the Legislature may be gathered from the fact that suggestions for improving the law formed the subject of the first of its essay competitions, instituted three or four years ago. Another competition served to introduce the American festival of Bird and Arbor Day to English people, a festival since practically established by the society's county challenge shield competitions; and this year's essays have dealt with the utility of birds in field and garden. These three essay competitions represent several sides of the society's work. But they have little to do with its primary intention.

CYCLING AT HOME.

LONDON, FEBRUARY 13.

At the Brompton Court, a case was recently heard in which a cyclist named Wilkins sought to recover from Captain Campbell the sum of £25, personal injuries and damage to his cycle and clothes. The plaintiff's story, that he was riding along High Street, Kensington, when the defendant, who was driving a motor car, rode into him without warning and knocked him down, was corroborated by eye witness, and a verdict was given in plaintiff's favour with £7 damages. This is one of the first cases between cyclist and motorist to come into court, but we are afraid it will not be the last by a long way. There is bound to be a large amount of enmity between them, and we must confess, that many of the motorists on the road do not show an overwhelming amount of consideration for the cyclist.

One laughs at ladies following the fashion, but cyclists are in every way as bad, at least with regard to the width, shape and slope of their handle-bars. Nearly every year brings some change in the design of these, one year finding the rage all for broad handle-bars, the next, bars of a medium width, and then the ideal of the wheelman seems to drop to zero, an extremely narrow and cramping bars are all the go. This fashion in handle-bars, is a great mistake, for riding a cycle with bars of an unsuitable width, is not only tiring, but injurious to the wheelman. It stands to reason that a broad built person would feel cramped on a machine suitable for a slight built rider, the foot of the handle-bars being narrow would contract the chest, and thereby prevent the free action of the lungs. Handle-bars should be looked upon as one and part of the rider, and selected so that when the cyclist is seated his hands fall easily on the handles. Those ordered with the new fashion of handle bar this in mind, for with bars of a suitable width long journeys will not be found nearly so tiring.

Some time ago, when the Cyclists' Touring Club sought to be heard before a Parliamentary Committee with regard to a bill for securing rights to construct a tube railway beneath the Tyne, they were refused as it was found that such an association had no voice in the matter. Representations had been made with the result that, in a recent report of the Committee of Ways and Means, it is recommended that such bodies—as the C.T.C.—should in future be given a hearing in case which affect the class they represent. The value of such a concession will be realised by wheelmen in the future, when some private bill—affecting their interests—is going through the Committee.

A glimpse into the roads of the future may be found in the plans for a road which is to be constructed between Paris and the Forest of St. Germain. In the centre will run an electric tramway. On one side of this will be a roadway for horse drawn vehicles and on the other a roadway for motor cars; then there will be two paths for pedestrians and two for cyclists, so that all road users will be provided with tracks of their own. Naturally the roadway will be of great width and cost a large amount of money to construct, but then every road should possess such a width when considered, so why not bear the expense at once and longer enjoy the advantage?

In the Court of Appeal, before the Lord Chancellor the Lord Chief Justice, and the President of the Probate Division in the matter of Simpson v Tate Tilgmouth and Shaldon Bridge Company, the defendant company appealed against a judgment of Mr. Justice Wright upon a special case which had been stated in the action by the consent of the parties. The crux of the matter is briefly this. Plaintiff, riding a bicycle, desired to pass over defendant's bridge, and tendered a penny. The toll gatekeeper demanded twopence, which plaintiff paid under protest and complained. Plaintiff contended that the act did not authorise the charge of more than a penny, and brought his action to recover the additional penny he paid. Counsel for the toll owners contended that bicycles were carriages hung on springs. The Lord Chief Justice: There are a great many of them not hung on springs. (Laughter.) Counsel said the learned Judge had held against him that the toll imposed was limited to carriages hung on springs and drawn by beasts of draught. The Lord Chief Justice: He held that a man riding a bicycle was not a beast of draught. (Laughter.) Counsel said the plaintiff complained that they charged him twopence instead of a penny, as if he had gone over on foot. The Lord Chief Justice: If he wheeled it across would he be a beast of draught? (Laughter.) Counsel contended it was an unreasonable beast because he would not pay the twopence. The Lord Chancellor: Why does not a bicycle come under sub. section 1 1 Counsel: Because it is not in the nature of a wheel-barrow. (Laughter.) The Lord Chief Justice: It is very often wheeled along the road instead of being ridden. (Loud laughter.) Counsel: That is an infinitesimal which exists to more ambitious vehicles, such as motor cars. (Laughter.) In the end the verdict was upheld.

The six days' race which concluded last Saturday at the Alexandra Palace ended in a win for an English team. Hall and Martin, with a score of 839 miles, the second team home was also composed of British riders—Webber and Gilbert—with a score of 832 miles, and Burden and Lawson (Lady Warwick's husband) third. Each member of a team rode for three hours at a stretch each day, so the actual riding time of the two men was six hours a day or 36 hours for 839 miles, a by no means indifferent performance considering the small size of the track.

A prominent professional champion cyclist in the person of F. W. Chinn, has met with a somewhat serious accident through the bursting of his rear pneumatic. His was riding in Birmingham when his rear wheel skidded, and in the fall his head struck the stone setts with such force as to cause a slight concussion. He was removed to the hospital and shortly afterwards was allowed to proceed to his home.

A proposal is shortly to come before the executive committee of the Automobile Club for the purchase and preparation of a track for motor racing. The site, which has already been inspected on behalf of the club by Mr. Mark Mayhew, M., S. F. Edge, Mr. Charles Jarrott, Mr. J. E. Hutton, and Mr. Claud Jesson, is about sixteen miles from London. The proposed track will be circular, with the circumference of six and a half miles, and in addition to an almost straight flat mile, will afford some good up-and-down hill work.

In the motor-cycling press there is just now an animated discussion going on relative to the best position for the motor on a cycle. There are those who prefer the engine low down and others who prefer it placed high, and each sets forth his special reason why such a position is the only one to be considered. Some theorists cite the weighted stick as an example, arguing that it is easier to balance a stick with the heavy end upwards than if it were balanced at the base, and thus the engine placed high is right. Others aver that the engine should be as near a solid with a heavy base, impart to the machine greater stability and overcome the tendency to side slip, the weight being placed low down serves to keep the machine in an erect position. Possibly it does not really matter where the engine is placed so long as both the weight of the rider and engine are equally distributed between the two wheels, and it has been borne out in practice, that an evenly balanced motor bicycle will be clear of all side slipping propensity in greasy weather irrespective of what position the engine is placed.

MESSRS. GALE AND POLDEN'S Photographic Album of CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY with views of the Colleges, Chapels, many noted objects of interest and of University Sports, is excellent value for one shilling. There are forty pictures of the different places or events in Cambridge University life, one of which is of unique interest that of the outdoor scene when the Senate refused to grant degrees to women some few years back. King's, Caius, Magdalene, Emmanuel, Trinity, Christ's, Corpus Christi, Girton, and Newnham Colleges are some of the pictures, besides chapels, gateways, the river, bridges, and cricket, hockey and polo scenes, the beagles, and the rifle corps, races of every kind in which the University distinguishes itself, all these recall to the familiar places to the undergraduate or the old collegian. The book is appropriately bound in the Cambridge colour.

A REPLICA of Professor Herkomer's portrait of Dr. Temple has been ordered by the authorities of Blundell's School, Tiverton, to be hung in the big school.

STACK FIRE AT FRERE BUNDER.

DAMAGE Rs. 1,50,000.

At half past 9 o'clock yesterday morning that extensive plain which is situated between the harbour and the Sewree Road, and on which stood about seventy huge stacks of hay, was the scene of a big conflagration. The magnitude of the fire may be easily imagined from the fact that it resulted in the total destruction of thirty-six stacks of hay and twenty-five prows laden with thousands of bundles of hay, and caused a damage to the extent of Rs. 1,50,000. The area which is known as Frere Bunder is divided into several wharves by basins, each wharf having on it a row of huge piles of hay. The hay is brought down to Bombay in prows from different places in the Thana and Kolaba Districts and discharged on the wharves. The property destroyed by fire belonged to Roosbana Champsjee Kale, Bhogobhoy Allarakhia, and thirty-three others, and was valued at Rs. 1,12,000. The fire originated in a stack, No. 7, situated on the north wharf, and was first discovered by its owner, Baboot Raghowjee, who happened to be present there. He raised an alarm, and Mr. Stewart of the Preventive Department, Bombay Customs, immediately telephoned to the Byculla Fire Brigade Station. Shortly after the stack No. 7 was on fire three other stacks on the east wharf were noticed to be in flames. Fanned by a strong north-easterly wind, the conflagration spread with a terrific rapidity from one stack to the other, and in about half an hour the entire range of stacks running along the north and east wharves, and forming a big rectangle, was one huge conflagration, and presented an appalling spectacle. There were three prows in the basin on the east wharf and twenty-two on the harbour side, all of which being loaded with hay caught fire from the burning stacks and were destroyed. The tindals and the crew vainly attempted to save their craft by throwing away the cargo into the sea. One prow was observed in flames at some distance in the sea. A few minutes after the first alarm of fire was given the Port Trust hydrant was brought on the spott and soon set to work. But this could have little effect in arresting the progress of the flames, which soon enveloped the whole line of stacks. The Municipal engines from Chinchpoogly, Byculla, Babool Tank, and Gowalia Tank arrived on the scene in quick succession, and set to work with long lines of hose. It was soon evident that the conflagration had taken such a firm hold of the burning stacks that it was impossible to control it. The fire-brigade, therefore, wisely directed their efforts in confining the fire to the two wharves and preventing it from approaching the western wharf, on which there were some thirty stacks of hay. The damage caused by the destruction of the prows and the property contained in them has been estimated at Rs 22,000. The cause of the fire has not been ascertained, but the fact that the flames sprang out from four different stacks at the same time showed that it must have been the work of incendiarism. The fire continued burning and as the evening approached and the darkness set in the lured glare of the flames was noticeable from a considerable distance, and the huge burning pile appeared like bon fires and presented a grand spectacle.

EXECUTION IN BOMBAY.

NASIRA ASHILA, a young Pathan, who was sentenced to death by the Hon. Mr. Justice Aston at the last Criminal Sessions of the Bombay High Court for the murder of a Mahomedan and two policemen, was executed yesterday morning on the gallows erected within H. M.'s Common Prison, Bombay. Nasira was a labourer, and lived in the Konkani mosque at Khadak. On the night of the 9th December last he attacked Ismael Fakir Mahomed, the crier of the mosque, against whom he had a grudge, with a butcher's knife and killed him on the spot. He then left the mosque pursued by a crowd of people who were attracted by the cries raised by the crier during the scuffle. A police jamedar named Mahomed Dada Mea while attempting to intercept the infuriated Pathan, was attacked and mortally wounded. Nasira continued his career along the street, flourishing the knife at intervals, but his progress was soon arrested by a policeman, named Permeshwar Gungadin, who caught hold of the Pathan. The latter used the knife savagely upon the policemen, who, however, pluckily held on until two other policemen arrived on the scene. The Pathan was then disarmed and secured. The policeman Permeshwar subsequently died of the injuries inflicted on him.

Mr. Donald, barrister-at-law, who defended Nasira at his trial at the Sessions, drew up a petition on behalf of his client, and forwarded it to Government, praying for a commutation of sentence. The Government, in reply, declined to interfere, and ordered the Superintendent of the Jail to carry out the sentence. During his incarceration in the jail the condemned man continued to take his food regularly. He had no relations in Bombay and did not desire to see any one. He passed his time in saying his prayers. At a quarter past 7 o'clock yesterday morning the condemned Pathan was pinioned and brought out of his cell into the jail yard. Here the death warrant as well as his petition to the Government and the reply were read out to him by Mr. C. H. Briarly, Acting Superintendent of the Jail, and interpreted to him by Mr. Bhugwantrao S. Sao, the Deputy Jailor. On being asked if he had anything to say, the prisoner firmly replied "Allah ka hukam" (God's will); and began to recite kalma. He was then marched to the gallows, which he mounted with firm steps. However, while the rope was adjusted round his neck his firmness disappeared and he seemed to have collapsed. After the final arrangements were made a signal was given by the Acting Superintendent. The lever was pulled and the deed was completed. Not being a heavy man a drop of seven feet and a half was given. Convulsions lasted for a couple of minutes and then all was over. The body was then allowed to remain hanging for the regulation time when it was examined by Dr. Collie, who pronounced life to be extinct.

Mr P. Byrne, the Coroner, held an inquest in the Jail on the body of the deceased Nasira, when the jury returned a verdict of death from judicial strangulation.

PASSENGERS BY THE HOMEWARD MAIL.

THE following passengers are booked to proceed to-day, by the P. and O. Co.'s steamer Caledonia to Marseilles and London:—

Du Bois Mr and Mrs G
Cook Mrs Mary E
Gerard Miss H S
Fehr Mr A
Hill Mr and Mrs W F
Leeds Mr and Mrs J S
Leland Mr H N
Curley Mr J
Sanford Mr H T
Cargill Miss N
Cobain Mr J
Whitney Mr F
Mills Maj J Brodie
Dunning Mr C H
Bramwell Miss
Bushby Mr and Mrs W
Coumin Mr and Mrs R F and child
Wright Miss AT
de Selincourt Miss
Loch C J W
Mole Mr W
Davies Mrs J C and Infant
Long Rev A and Mrs and 4 children
Smith Mr A J
Bellaney Mr A L
Rose Mr
Brown Mr W Stanley
Stoorer Dr and Mrs and Miss
Gordon Mrs W B infant and nurse
Jackson Miss
Anderson Col C A
Gleager Miss
Darling Rev C W
Darling Miss and 3 children
Stevens Lt Col G F
Weir Mr and Mrs F
Welsh Miss 2 boys and infant
Holdsworth C I E Mr J J
Holdsworth Mrs
Howard Mr W
Hayley Mr and Mrs and child
Kashon Mr P
Oakshot Mr E
Norris Mrs and 3 children
Biggs Miss Mr Judas W
Walker Mr W
Arnedage Mr and Mrs V K
Leveson Gower Mr and Mrs G
Herbert Lord
Reeves Mr
Ashley Mr J
Jenkins Mr J
Jenkins Mr A E
Ewing Mrs J M child infant and ayah
McMahan Mrs M E child and nurse
Spittoes Mrs
Bull Mr W
Smith Mr W C
Skeen Hon Mr
Lane Anderson Mrs and infant
Woolhouse Col and Mrs
Howlands Mr and Mrs H F
Rogers Capt R
Dyer Mrs and Miss
Castle Mr R C
Brown Mr H
Sennedells Mr
Dalgleish Mr F E
Blackburne Cane Mrs F M
Venables Greene Rev R and Mrs child and 3 infts
Troiloppe Mrs
Forester Walker Mr
Jennings Mr
Obbard Capt and Mrs E and child
Broadhead Mrs 2 children and Nurse
Lambton Lady Anne and maid
Durham Karl of and valet
Bond Mrs F G
Pavi Mrs A W
Rice Mr W
Glossop Mr J P B
Stanton Mr J L
Wilkins Mrs
Leapingwell Col A H
Mcdonell Mr
Thompson Mr W L
Powell Earl and Countess of and maid
Stewart Eleanor Mary
Howard Mrs R J
Halpike Mr and Mrs F C and 3 infants
Heaps Mr F
Saarloos Miss P
Anderson Mr S G
Savie Mr and Mrs
Cathcart Mr W T
Lefevich Mr and Mrs J L child and inft
Miller Mr G
Miller Mr R
Langston Mr and Mrs A E
Binstead Mrs
de Winton Mr F W
Priestley Maj F J B
Poittes Mr A
William Miss
Ottoman Miss
Pedoo A Mr and Mrs T
Peacock 2 Misses
Pinnello Mr and Mrs W H
Moreno Mr E
McMardo Miss
McMardo Miss
Brown Capt W M R
Prowse Mrs
Reid Mr John
Earl Miss
Corry Miss
Cory Mr J B
Clark Miss
Peters Mrs C H
Bruce Johnston Mrs and Miss
Oakley Mr E J
Holmes Mr A E
Sherriden Mr C C
Wood Miss
Lee Mr T H and valet
Milne Mrs A R and inft
Hall Mrs and Miss
Molleoald Mr R J
Harrington Mr
Braybrook Mr
Loiter Mrs and Miss and 2 maids
Khambatta Mr K D
Kanga Mr and Mrs P K C
Wigglesworth Mr A
Kidston Mr R L
Moss Mr W G
Alington Capt A C M
Nunn Mr H
Stone Mr J
Adams Mr
Mills Mr T G
Hendrick Lady
Hendell Mr
Rendell Miss
Millward Miss
Rich Mrs
O'Malley Mrs
Irani Mr Merwan S
Searle Mrs, 2 children inft and nurse
Mackenzie Miss
Vernon Le and Mrs
Vernon Miss
Lawrie Mr G C
Love Mr A
Lacy Miss
Muir Mr and Mrs F
Cox Mr G S
Evill Mr Arthur
Gallingham Mr H
Daly Mrs Allan
Tottenham Capt
Wadia Mr C N
Swinhoe Mrs C H E
Parry Capt C F P
Cosiow Miss
Wring Mrs A H
Thomson Miss
Mackenzie Mr Geo
Robertson Mr and Infte Mrs
Mr Calloch Dr H D W
Beober Mr and Mrs R A
Macdonald Mr
Traill Mr D
Dyson Miss
Green Mrs J E and Inft
Venesella 2 Misses
Bergsedahl Mr J C
Hoffman Mr F
Martin Mr R P and Miss
Rees Miss
Louis Capt Henry
Stewart Mr and Mrs
Murphy Mr
Mrs. Mr. and Mrs B
Carter Mr
Orrell Mr W
Shatporia Mr B H
Lucas Mr
Valine Mr Mrs J K

THE INDIAN POLICE COMMISSION.

DANGERS OF CENTRALIZATION.

THE OFFICE OF INSPECTOR-GENERAL.

THE Indian Police Commission resumed the taking of evidence in the Legislative Council Hall of the Bombay Secretariat yesterday morning. Sir Andrew Fraser, the

perior, and no chief constable should be appointed unless he had had experience in the investigation of crime.' He thought the present pay of Head Constables was too small, and that the rate should be at least Rs. 30 with good prospects of promotion to constables higher.

In reply to a question as to the duties of Magistrates in December, he said the Magistrates did Revenue work. He proposed to put inspectors into these appointments. Their police experience would be a valuable possession as a Magistrate. It was, he said in answer to another question, absolutely necessary to have intermediate between constables and District Superintendents, officers to inspect and supervise the work of Chief Constables. It was practically impossible to arrange for enough assistant superintendents who would be qualified for these duties, and, so he thought the office of inspector should not be abolished.

Asked whether sufficient control over investigation was exercised by the superior officers of the police and the Magistrate the witness said that the control at present exercised was emphatically not sufficient. Herein lay one of the greatest evils. If the criminal law was to be well administered there must be real supervision both within the police and by the Magistracy. Inspection should be made one of the most important duties of Inspectors and Superintendents. Magistrate not unfrequently took notice of no notice of the police papers, and failed to follow the history of the investigation and the conduct of the detectives. The remedy was in more supervision by Magistrates. The Mamlatdars and Head Karkuns were too busy to do their magesterial duties properly themselves.

THE COLLECTOR OF NASIK.

Subsequently Mr. H. Stewart, Collector and District Magistrate, Nasik, was examined. In answer to questions as to the manner in which the police generally discharge their duties, and the estimation in which they are regarded by the public, he said the police were no worse than any other department of the public service. The chief objection to police work on the part of the public was the delay and trouble caused before cases were concluded. This referred to investigating of officers. Sometimes a Chief or Head Constable was more than ordinarily greedy, and complaints were general, but usually the complaints of ill usage proceeded from criminals. He was certainly in favour of the division of the Police force into armed and unarmed branches. There must, he contended be men for escorts, guards, patrols, and for keeping watch on bad characters, and the men enlisted, in the Armed Police are quite good enough for this. Moreover, in many parts of the country men of the class were the only men suitable.

Upon this question of inspectors the witness was asked whether the number of Assistant Superintendents was sufficient to ensure adequate supervision over the subordinate police. He replied that there should be one officer at least in every district who could relieve the District Superintendent of Police either of his office work or occasionally of visits to serious crime. At present serious crime a long way off meant the accumulation of paper work for four or five days.

MR. H. POSON.

The next witness was Mr. Harold Pogson, District Superintendent of Police, Khandesh. He proposed the abolition of inspectors and the increase of Deputy Assistants. There should, he thought, be only one class of inspecting officers. He advocated district schools for Constables, and thought that District Superintendents should give their personal attention to the matter and be careful in their selections. Constables and Head Constables of third and fourth class should be instructed in the district schools and second and first class Head Constables in the central school. For the unarmed class no candidate should be enlisted unless he had passed the fifth standard at least in the vernacular of the district in which he wishes to serve. He thought that Head Constables should be paid better than at present. Head Constables had a responsible duty to perform.

The President: Is not it a difficult thing to get superior men and men of education to join the police? —Yes.

Do you think you would get men of respectability and education in Rs. 11 as you suggest in your evidence?—Yes, I think so.

He went on to say that he did not consider the present pay of Chief Constables sufficient. They should be paid Rs. 100, Rs. 125, and Rs. 150 and a travelling allowance of Rs. 20 per mensem. The Chief Constable was the hardest worked officer in the department. His work was enormous, and he was to the police department what the Mamlatdar was to the Revenue, but his pay was about half and his work was nearly as heavy and more arduous.

In reference to the question of Inspector-General he said he would not have any interference on the part of the Commissioner. The Inspector-General would be able to give much more time to any matter that might be brought before him. He thought the Inspector-General should be a member of the Civil Service, that he should draw the same pay as a Commissioner, and that he should have more power than he has at present. There should be three Deputy Inspectors-General, two for the presidency and one for Sind. These Deputy Inspectors-General should be appointed for the police department and selected by merit and not by seniority. Their pay should be Rs. 1,400, Rs. 1,600, and Rs. 1,800.

In answer to subsequent questions witness said he was in favour of a provincial detective staff, and there should also be a small staff at the headquarter of each district. He did not approve of the formation of an Imperial Investigation Department for the whole of India. There would be a reserve of trained Investigators to assist Chief Constables.

At this point the Session was adjourned for lunch.

MR. V. B. NATU.

On the resumption after lunch Mr. Vishnu Raghunath Natu, B.A., LL.B., High Court Pleader, practising at Belgaum, gave evidence. He said that in his opinion the working of the Police Department was not satisfactory. The police were regarded with dread and suspicion by the people. These remarks were principally applicable to the Investigating Officers and Constables and Head Constables. These men were not educated and their general moral character was low. The lower subordinate service being chiefly recruited from backward classes the general tone of the service was anything but satisfactory. Being illiterate, possessing no inherent character these men were unscrupulous, and corrupt. Those duties were naturally not very popular still a good deal of odium was brought down on the Department of these men. Besides these causes want of proper supervision, relaxation of the rules laid down for the guidance of police, and absence of public opinion contributed greatly in lowering the general reputation and capacity of the Department. If the lower strata showed such decay that the higher supervising agencies could not be free from blame was but a logical conclusion. No doubt there were many exceptions to this, but they only proved the rule. The European Superintendents possessed little more than superficial knowledge of the vernaculars, and instead of being amongst the people and being in touch with them, they too imitated the civilians in their aloofness and aristocratic tendencies, the result being the general relaxation of supervision. Speaking of the superior staff he said the recruitment should be in India only and open to all natives of India and to European British subjects. It should be by competitive examination. Higher Police service had been practically a closed service for Europeans, while the claims of the natives of the soil were neglected. If natives could and did become District Magistrates and Session Judges and High Court Judges, and even showed marked ability and valour in the military services it was not proper to suppose that they could not be efficient Police Superintendents. Even some of the European Superintendents had failed to charge with efficiency their duties while the natives of India had had no sufficient trial. He thought, therefore, that the police service should be recruited in India, for all classes of his Majesty's subjects by open competitive examination by the promotion of specially able inspectors. He had also advocated the formation of a Provincial Police Service, because that would surely end in total exclusion of natives from superior ranks.

MR. R. KNIGHT.

Subsequently Mr. R. Knight, District and Sessions Judge, Dharwar, was examined. He said that in his opinion the police of India was in the main unsuited to the needs of an Oriental country. It was a Western Exotic and could not flourish. On the question of the village police he said that he considered the only practicable means of effecting any wide reform and improvement lay in the reconstitution and rehabilitation of that department of the service. On them should rest the primary responsibility for suppressing and detecting crime, and the district police should supervise and direct them. He would associate the Revenue authorities more directly with the duties of repression and detection controlling the village police through the patel. Towns of 5,000 and more would need a municipal police force. On the question of the supervision of a suspect for 24 hours before actual arrest he said he agreed with the statement that the present system frequently led to the illegal detention or to failure to arrest.

The session was here adjourned until Monday.

THE CITY MORTALITY.

The Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours ending at 6 a.m. yesterday give the following results :—

Wards.	Plague Attacks.	Plague Deaths.	Deaths from all Causes.
A Upper Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort Southern and Esplanade	5	5	10
B Mandvi, Chinch, Umarkhadi and Dongri	19	21	10
C Market, Dhobi Talao, Fanaswadi, Bhuleshwar, Khara Talao and Kumbharwada	60	43	67
D Khetwadi, Girgaum, Chowpatty, Walkeshwar and Mahalaxmi	21	17	34
E Mazgaon, Tarwadi, Ind Nagpada, Ramalingum, Tardeo, Byculla and Ist Nagpada	61	48	76
F Parel, Sewree and Sion	16	18	18
G Mahim and Worlee	25	18	13
Water Division	0	0	0
Non-resident and unknown	0	0	0
Hospitals	9	16	31
Total	297	181	299
Total plague deaths to date	216,707	108,331	
Same date last year	145	135	265

MR. FELIX STERNBERG'S RECITALS.

Mr. Felix Sternberg, the Russian Pianist, whose recitals in Bombay during the last fortnight have been so greatly appreciated, will only remain in Bombay a short time longer. On Wednesday afternoon next he will give another concert at the Masonic Hall. Mrs. Collie will assist in the programme with violin selections. On Friday next he will give his last concert in this city.

BOMBAY 12TH EXTRA MEETING.

SATURDAY, 14TH MARCH, 1903.

Owners are reminded that Entry closes at 8 p.m. on Monday, 9th March, 1903 (only clear days).

ARCH. GRAY,
Secretary, W. I. T. C.

Bombay, 6th March 1903.

THE OPIUM TRADE OF BOMBAY.

A MARKED DECLINE.

A resolution of the Government of Bombay on the Report of the Administration of the Opium Department of the Bombay Presidency for the Revenue year 1901-1902 states.

The decline in the export of opium to China continued during the year. The reason assigned in paragraph 10 of the Commissioner's report is not clearly stated and the subject ought to have been dealt with in greater detail in view of the large decrease of Imperial revenue. The effects of continued famine and scarcity on the whom trade are clearly reflected in the figures given in Appendices 5 and 6 attached to the report. In every district of the Presidency proper except Kanara and in all the Native States there has been a more or less marked decline in sales. The districts of Karachi, Hyderabad and Shikarpur in Sind alone show any considerable increase of consumption. In the districts in which the separate shop system was introduced the decrease in sales may have been partly due to higher prices, as represented in the report, but it was not more marked in these districts than in others, and the decline in the amount of duty on opium sold was counterbalanced by an increase in the amount paid for privilege of vend, the total revenue being greater than in 1900-1901. Under the influence of competition prices will no doubt find their proper level. The number of cases tried under the Opium Act shows an increase especially in Khandesh were some large and important seizures of opium were effected. The consumption per head in the latter district is still very low and both in that district and in Gujarat the skill and energy of the Opium Preventive Establishment will be fully taxed.

AFFAIRS IN SAVANTVADI.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—The state of Savantvadi, which, is the oldest Maratha principality in the Bombay Presidency, is, indeed, fortunate in having Mr. L. P. Walsh, C.I.E., at the helm of its administration, who possesses all that was manly and benignant in the character of the old race of Anglo-Indian officers, which is now well-nigh extinct. Descended from an ancient and illustrious stock, he is liberal from sentiment, but conservative upon principle. He is singularly free from race prejudice and exclusiveness. He is always as much accessible to the half-naked peasant as he is to the biggest officer of the State. His appointment to the post of Assistant Political Agent in the Southern Maratha Country, some years ago, brought him into contact with the best characteristics of native society. There he formed his acquaintance with his numerous friends among the native aristocracy. Towards the decayed representatives of the ancient nobility of Savantvadi he feels a chivalrous affection, which refuses to deal harshly with the ruins of the present, from a sense of veneration for the past. The descendants of the valiant Maratha nobles, who, seated on the pinnacle of wealth and power, had made the flag of this State a terror to the neighbouring Chiefs, can be seen here sunk into the lowest depth of abject penury. The efforts made by Mr. Walsh to better their condition by legislative relief reflect the highest credit upon him. He placed the small annuities, which they draw from the State beyond the reach of their relentless creditors by making a law, with the sanction of the Bombay Government, which exempts such stipends from liability to attachment and sale in execution of the decree of any court. The new piece of legislation is hailed with heart-felt joy by the tottering nobility of Savantvadi.

The choice of the present Sir Desai as successor to the Gadi, rendered vacant by the untimely death of his cousin, is entirely due to the disinterested efforts of Mr. Walsh. The Dowager Rani wanted to adopt a boy. Mr. Walsh supported the claims of the present Chief with success. Three years ago, when there was a total failure of crops here, in consequence of the scarcity of rains, and when the spectre of famine was staring the agricultural community, which forms the back-bone of the population of this State in the face, Mr. Walsh made a tour of inspection through the distressed villages, without giving a thought to his personal comfort, and opened relief-works to enable the lower-classes to keep the wolf from the door. He is the first Political Agent here, who gave Tagai allowances to the agriculturists. By observing rigid economy, he has succeeded to some extent in putting the finances of the State in order.

There is one subject which deserves careful consideration at the hands of Mr. Walsh. The newly created office of "The Superintendent of the Sheri and Devastan Property," involves a heavy expenditure on the slender resources of the State. The Government itself is no doubtful of the utility of this new machinery that it has sanctioned the continuance of the office only for a few months more as a tentative measure. The office is at present only a fifth wheel to the coach. The work of collecting the rent of the Sheri and Devasthan property, which means lands belonging to the State and temples is done by the Kamavisdar in each division of the State, who exercises all the powers of the Mamlatdar in the British territories. The lands in question are held from the State by numerous tenants under leases for the period of twenty-five years. Before the termination of the tenancies it is impossible for the State to make improvements upon the lands. It is, therefore difficult to guess the nature of the work which the new office is expected to do. While imposing a heavy strain on the finances, this office is sure to weaken the position of the kamavisdars, and the machinery of the administration will be, in consequence, more vexatious to the people. If the Kamavisdars find the pressure of their work too heavy their staff can be strengthened by the addition of a few clerks, which will enable them to conduct their duties efficiently. In the British territories the Sheri and Devasthan property is managed by the Mamlatdar most satisfactorily. In spite of the honest fidelity of Mr. Walsh to the interests of economy the financial look-out of the State is very gloomy. The yawning vacuity of the State Treasury can still be reproachfully pointed at. The whole amount of the Nazarana has not been yet paid to the British Government. The daughters of the Sir Desai are to be married. The State shall have to give them dowries worthy of their high position. It is, therefore, earnestly hoped that Mr. Walsh will soon relieve the State of the needless and costly burden which entails a large waste of public money. It is rumoured that Mr. Walsh is on the eve of retirement to his native land for good. The State can ill afford to forego the fostering care of this just and conscientious ruler. It will certainly give us a pang to part from him. While among us Mr. Walsh has given us abundant proofs of the possession of some of the finest qualities of a high-minded Englishman, such as disinterestedness, love of justice, and fair play, and genuine sympathy for the poverty and helplessness of the lower classes. Prayers of a grateful people will undoubtedly attend him to his Western home.—Yours, etc.,

P. B. D.

Sawantvadi, March 4.

ENGLISH AS SHE IS WROTE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—It is hugely entertaining and instructive to receive an attempted letter in English from a clerk in Government employ, when we remember the stickler Government is for engaging only the services of Graduates and Under Graduates. Here is a specimen of what I received to-day from the Bombay Post Office.

SIR,—Who take the stamp weight the—letter observe me not and this boy told me that weight that and I want stamp after he said I not required stamp, therefore I keept the letter and obliged.—Yours etc.

A. D.

ROYAL BOMBAY YACHT CLUB.

REGATTA.—FOURTH DAY.

The following Races will sail to-day (Saturday) 7th March

Third Challenge Cup Race—H'Cap allowances, the Race to sail at 2-30 p.m.

Names of Boats.	Rating.	H'Cap Aces.	Owners
Stella	28'66	14	Col H W Boyd, I M S
Melody	28'66	11	Mr. J B K. Macbeth
Sapphire	37'60	7 34	Mr R H Hopkins and Capt R S Muter, R E
Eurella	37'60	Scr	Mr C R T Scovell

Stella not having been measured under the new Y R A rules it is not possible to calculate her time allowance.

Course No 7-17·6 miles.

Handicap Race—For those Yachts on the R B Y C list that are not entered for the Challenge Cup race. Handicap allowances, the race to sail at 3 p.m.

Names of Boats.	H'cap Aces.	Owners
H M S Asaye's Cutter	25	Scr Lt-Comdr R M Lambert, R M
R I M Dockyard's Cutter	25	Scr Mr A Monk
R I M Mate's Cutter	25	Scr Do

Course No. 1 followed by No 12·9 miles.

Handicap Race—For those Yachts on the R B Y C list that are not entered for the Challenge Cup race. Handicap Allowances, the race to sail at 3 p.m.

Names of Boats.	H'cap Aces.	Owners
	H M	
Pixie	Scr	Mr E R Snetham
Mamukin	Scr	Officers, R A
Mog	11 42	Mr C H Byrne
Tomtit	13 27	Dr F M Gibson
Tipmouse	15 27	Major J N Pollard
Lapwing	13 27	Mr R C Richards
Patrocara	9 0	Mr W W Petrie
Trixie	Scr	Mr R M Monteath
Cutha	15 27	Capt G Lamb, I M S
Midget	16 27	Officers, R A

Course No. 1 followed by No. 13·9 miles.

Milkmaid BRAND Milk

As a guarantee of Quality, see the MILKMAID on every Tin.

LARGEST SALE in the WORLD.

TRADE MARK

HERE, THERE, AND EVERYWHERE.

The following advertisement appears in an Isle of Wight paper: "Wanted, by a child of God, the loan of a small sum of money for fixed period; is there a practical brother or sister who is willing to help? Surely there must be some who are ready to assist in this way.——, Newport."

All that is left of Fotheringhay Castle is a great mound, rising above the River Nene, and at its base one huge mass of concrete. Down the valley stands Perry Mill. Here tradition has it the hapless Queen of Scots first caught sight of the Castle, and with a true presentment uttered the word, "Foreo"—"I perish."

Mr. Theodore Napier, who paid a remarkable visit to Fotheringhay Castle on the anniversary of the execution of Mary Queen of Scots is the head of the Scottish Jacobite party, and a staunch advocate of the advantages and comfort of the Highland costume, which he and his family always wear even when abroad. Mr. Napier was once arrested at Smyrna as a Greek brigand, owing to his kilt; and at Constantinople he challenged a guest in the hotel to fight a duel because of his slighting remarks on the garb of old Gaul. The Arabs could not understand the kilt, and observed that if Mr. Napier was indeed a chief in his own country he must be a very poor one, since he could not buy enough cloth to cover his legs.

A young Egyptian girl of high degree, wearing necklaces and ornaments of unknown value, is to be sold at auction in London by Messrs. Stevens. Poor girl! She happens to be dead. It is only her dusty mummy that is to be sold. It has not been unwrapped, but a photograph taken with the X rays shows the presence of necklaces and ornaments. They may be worth untold sums or they may be glass beads. It is a nice speculation.

A coincidence of a peculiarly grim character has occurred in the experience of the Rev. T. E. Phillips, of Pittsburg. Twenty years ago while he was in Sterling, Illinois, he was called upon to preach a funeral service over a well-known resident there. During the service the man came to life. Mr. Phillips has just visited Sterling again for the first time since that incident. He received another call to officiate at a funeral. It was the same man. This time the obsequies were not interrupted.

The King Edward VII. will be the most costly warship ever yet constructed. The original estimates were for a million and a half of money; and, although they have been cut down, it is authoritatively stated by prominent officials at Devonport Yard that the total expenditure will amount to well over £1,400,000. This outlay on a fabric which a well-directed torpedo would annihilate, makes one realise how costly the game of modern naval war would prove. Two more battleships of the same class have been laid down, the Dominion and the Commonwealth.

Very rapid progress is now being made with the building of the King Edward VII., Britain's greatest warship, at the Western Dockyard, Devonport. Her keel-plate was laid by the King last March, and already the hull is virtually complete, over 4,000 tons dead weight of steel-plating and armour having been built into her. So quickly has this superb warship been brought forward that although the original specifications did not allow of her being ready for the pennant before March 1905, it is now officially stated that she will be completed many months earlier than this.

"Comics are up again; they will have their little bit of fun, even if they don't want no love." And this is what the feast of St. Valentine has come to, according to a Houndsditch wholesale merchant, engaged in packing parcels of valentines. Gone beyond recall are the days of the cardboard box with the red satin heart and inscription nestling in the folds of frilled paper. Not that the valentine itself is dead. Houndsditch, the headquarters of the modern valentine, will pour parcels of them into the "little newsagents" and sweetstuff shops to-day, and there are more opportunities this year than ever before for the purchasers to be anonymously spiteful.

James Perry, now in his eightieth year, who drives an omnibus on the Pimlico-Baker-street route, claims to be the oldest licensed omnibus driver in London. He has driven on this one route for over fifty years, and was doing so six years ten years before that. He was a bus-driver during the great Chartist procession of April 10, 1848. He distinctly remembers the Bank and other establishments being fortified against the Chartists, when 150,000 persons of all ranks, including the future Emperor Napoleon III., were enrolled as special constables. Perry is a wonderfully hale and hearty veteran, and can still give points to his fellow-drivers in the matter of handling the reins.

It is stated on good authority that a number of Parisians who were in the great siege have decided to erect a monument to the memory of the pigeons that carried the despatches which kept up communication with the outside world. It will consist of a pedestal surmounted by an elegant bronze vase, on which will be cast a group of the birds that proved of such utility to the beleaguered Frenchmen. A committee which is said to have been formed to carry out the project includes the names of many well-known literary and scientific people. The gratitude of the committee is not confined to words, for after the war the pigeons in question were sold by auction, and commemorated in pigeon pies.

Fly-killing is a most popular game in many English towns. This will be no news to Englishmen, it appears, however, it is well known. A French sporting paper publishes the exact particulars of this popular English pastime! Here they are:—Teams are chosen and each player is allotted a certain space in which to kill flies. The man who has the biggest "bag" at the end of an afternoon wins a substantial money-prize. The record up to the present, continues this veracious chronicle, is 149 flies in the hour. Seven have fallen at one swoop. The "sportsman" with the next best only accounted for 101. The French writer omits to mention that the flies are caught in the mouth.

Evil is wrought by want of thought as well as want of heart, and by ignorance also. In a reference to "Murderous Millinery" in the Annual Report of the Society for the Protection of Birds, it is pointed out that all women do not know the true story of the feathers that deck their hats and bonnets. Recently the Honorary Secretary of the Society received the following letter: Dear Madam,—One of your pamphlets was given to me in Tottenham-court-road. I was then wearing a hat with a large white bird in it. When I purchased it I had never thought of the bird or of the cruelty at all, but your leaflet has shown me what I did not know or heed, and in future I shall purchase no millinery with birds or wings. I write this to show that the leaflet has in this instance done good.

Which is the most drunken town in the kingdom? Stirling, N.B., seems to be well in the running, if it is what the Rev. Leonard Ist: the other day said of it:—Stirling was one of the drunkenest holes he had ever entered. The police made no pretence of carrying out the law. He went up one of their main streets on a Saturday evening, and in twenty minutes he saw dozens of drunken men entering public-houses. He opened the doors of several of these public-houses, and found drunken men, some hanging on to the bar, but served with liquor, in absolute defiance of the law. In one place he found a man lying drunk on the floor, and other men drinking round him. He saw two lads come out of a public-house, and one, a mere boy, had to be carried home. He took two constables to a public-house, and pointed out drunken men to them, but they did nothing.

Rear Admiral Basil Cochrane, the writer of the famous letter to the "Times" on the Guards "ragging" scandal is just over sixty, and has been in the Navy since the Crimean War, taking part in that war when a boy. He married the daughter of a naval captain—the late Captain John Robinson Owen, of Windlestraw, Peebles-shire—and both his sons, Archibald and Elward Owen Cochrane, are in the Navy. The Rear-Admiral's father, the Hon. Archibald Cochrane, was himself a captain in the Navy. He can well remember looking out of a window in the Champs Elysees upon the fighting in the street more than seventy years ago now. Soon after he went with his mother, Lady Dundonald, and his sister to a reception at the Tuileries. The Rear-Admiral has seen service in Egypt and the Soudan. In the naval and military operations in the Eastern Soudan, twenty years ago, he commanded the Tyne, and was mentioned in despatches.

M. Surbois has for years past bombarded the war and marine departments with devices to render the French army invincible, and its navy a terror to the world. One of his schemes was to place divers below the water-line of warships. They were to wear powerful reflectors in their helmets, and report the approach of torpedoes. Another great idea which he had was to lay huge suction tubes from the coast which could fasten on to approaching vessels and draw them ashore. Unfortunately for him, his designs have not met with the approval of the authorities. They have been inevitably returned. M. Surbois had in consequence a grievance, and appealed to the Council of State, claiming heavy damages.

An editor sent out circular letters to a large number of married men, and asked them why they married. Here are some of the answers: I didn't intend to do it. Because I did not have the experience I have now. That's what I've been trying for eleven years to find out. I thought it would be cheaper than a breach of promise suit. That's the same fool question my friends ask me. I wanted a companion of the opposite sex. N.B.—She lastil opposite. I was lonely and melancholy, and wanted someone to make me lively. She makes me very lively.

The Prussian Budget provides for the construction of a new royal palace at Posen. This will bring the number of the Kaiser's residences up to no fewer than fifty-three! He has already the Chateaux of Bellevue and Mon Bijou and the Royal Palace in Berlin; the Royal Palace, the New Palace Babelsberg, Sans-Souci, the Marble Palace, the Orangery, the Star Pastillon, Belvedere Sacro, Charlottenhof, Wildpark, Paons, and Alexandrowsky, in Potsdam and neighbourhood; numerous shooting-boxes throughout the country; and Imperial residences at Hanover Sedtin, Breslau, Cobientz, Wecsbaden, Koenigsberg, Osnabruck, and elsewhere.

The following query, put by a small boy to his father in an underground carriage, may puzzle a good many people. The child said:—"Daddy, where is the wind when it doesn't blow?"

The silting up of the anchorage at Tuticorin is causing grave apprehension amongst the shipping community there. This silting is a new thing since the last monsoon, and is already so serious that the bigger cargo boats cannot be used with full loads for embarking and disembarking cargo, while even the passenger launch runs aground at times.

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These symptoms point direct to the use of Bishop's Varalettes, and ndi cate the need for commencing at once. Nothing can be gained by delay, but a great deal of avoidable suffering may have to be endured as a result of procrastination.

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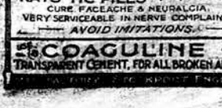

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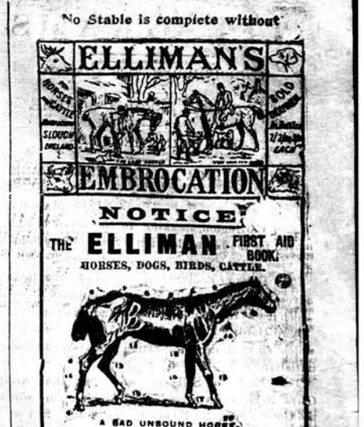

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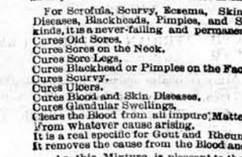

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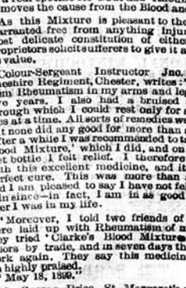

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As this Mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Colour-Sergeant Instructor Jno. Howarth Cheshire Regiment, Chester, writes: "I suffered from Rheumatism in my arms and legs for over five years. I also had a bruised shin bone, through which I could rest only for a few minutes at a time. All sorts of remedies were applied, but none did any good for more than a few days. After a while I was recommended to try 'Clarke's Blood Mixture,' which I did, and on taking the first bottle I felt relief. I therefore continued with this excellent medicine, and it effected a perfect cure. This was more than a year ago and I am pleased to say I have not felt the least pain since—in fact, I am in as good health as ever I was in my life."

"Moreover, I told two friends of mine who were laid up with Rheumatism of my case, and they tried 'Clarke's

M. A. P. IN THE GREEN ROOM.

A BALLADMONGER'S PLAY.

Mr. Mark Ambient, author of the new play at the Royalty, "A Snug Little Kingdom," writes pretty poetry for the papers (especially at Christmas time) and dainty lyrics of domestic love for musical composers of the Tosti school. So it most naturally comes to pass that in this his first play—the first he has written without the assistance of a partner—Mr. Ambient is prodigal with the optimistic sentiment of the novelette. "A Snug Little Kingdom" is so unmistakably the work of a largehearted balladmonger that if the author had withheld his name from the Royalty programme it would in all probability have been guessed by the people in front that the play had been written either by him or by Mr. Clifton Bingham.

THE "SILVER LINING" BREED.

Told in the tearful phrases of the balladmonger's die-away dialogue, the story of "A Snug Little Kingdom" is of the beloved "silver lining" sort. A big-eyed musician, "poor but honest," and residing "away from the world and its toils and its cares," in "a snug little kingdom up four pair of stairs"—otherwise, a garret in Soho—is tenderly and truly in love with Dolly, a chorus girl, also "poor but honest," who lives in a room below. The musician has been a father to Dolly ever since her mother died and left her alone in the world "like a rose in a garden with weeds overgrown," and Dolly calls him "Uncle." The musician's brother, Hubert, a fashionable young doctor, is also in love with Dolly; and Mr. Mark Ambient, by way of stirring the fire of his tale's domestic sentiment and piling on a familiar log of agony, selects the musician of all people in the world to "talk nicely" to Dolly on Hubert's behalf. This the cheking musician does, mentioning that Hubert is well off and will be able to give her lots of nice things, whereupon the chorus girl becomes the balladmonger's favourite muse, and says that there is something more precious to a woman than all the wealth of the world—that there is "one little word," and so forth. And while we are hazarding our very chest-protectors that Mr. Ambient's "one little word" is "love," the "four pair of stairs" are successfully climbed by the silver lining, Ben Kershaw, a sauce manufacturer, who is rich but honest.

MR. CHARLES WARNER'S CONFESSION.

In the character of Ben Kershaw, the inventor and sole proprietor of Kershaw's Sauce, Mr. Charles Warner holds the audience for an uninterrupted space of twenty minutes with a confession, in Yorkshire dialect, of a sin which everyone who hears it will venture to think was nothing of the kind. Years ago, he remonstrated with his wife, in his rough fashion, for neglecting home and husband to play a fairy in diaphanous attire at a theatre frequented by the Kershaw factory people. Mrs. Kershaw, defiant, and considering herself insulted, marched out of the house, and the husband never set eyes on her again. It dawns upon the musician, to whom the confession is made (and in tones of deep repentance) that lady who flied in the room below was Mrs. Kershaw (he is helped to this conclusion by the mention of certain dates and names and places); and the obvious end of it all is that the inventor and sole proprietor of Kershaw's sauce, after disclosures on his listener's part, presents to that gentle musician, for immediate marriage, the young lady whom he discovers to be his own to give away, and promises him besides a good deal more money than he will want to finance an oft-rejected opera. Mr. Charles Warner's speech is finely written and, from a dramatic standpoint, most admirably given, but Ben Kershaw's Yorkshire dialect is fearfully and wonderfully made.

A NEW ACTOR.

The musician of Mr. Mark Ambient's mortal fairy tale is impersonated by a young actor who is new to London playgoers—such London playgoers, that is who do not include Fulham and Balham and Kennington in the circle they and their cabmen draw round London Theatreland. Young as Mr. Lyn Harding looks, and is, he has been for the past ten years one of the foremost "juvenile leads" of the provinces, having as a very early age arrived at the conclusion that stage work was the only work he intended to put his heart into. The first manager to take an interest in Mr. Harding's acting was the late Mr. Edward Fletcher, a tragedian of the old school, who engaged the young actor to support him in many a Shakespearian revival; and it was doubtless owing to the teachings of Mr. Fletcher that the romantic hero of the Royalty has, in his time, appeared with notable success as the Camillo of "A Winter's Tale," the Don Pedro of "Much Ado About Nothing," the Gratiano of "A Merchant of Venice," and the Master Ford of "The Merry Wives of Windsor."

HIS VERSATILITY.

Mr. Lyn Harding avoids grooves, as being to the actor who is not possessed of superhuman powers (and few are, Mr. Charles Brookfield has said) almost impossible to struggle from. "Make three consecutive successes in three parts of one type, and your career is practically ended," said a great actor to me once (not that I intended doing anything of the kind); and it is possible that Mr. Harding has been given a similar hint. In Mr. Wilson Barrett's part of Wilfred Denver, in "The Silver King," the young actor has made a very palpable hit; and from the turmoil of Mr. Henry Arthur Jones's early play he has passed into the peaceful garden of "The Village Priest"—a garden that at the Haymarket boasted a very famous Tree—and scored there, as the Abbe Dubois, a success quite as distinct, if arrived at by a far quieter process. His Charles Surface and his David Garrick have both received high praise from the provincial dramatic critics, and favourable "notices" were the result of his Mr. Owen in "Liberty Hall," his Captain Starlight in "Robtery Under Arms," and his Ned Drayton in "In the Ranks;" but it was not until he took the leading part in Mr. Dick Ganthony's romantic play "The Prophecy," produced not long ago at Mr. Alexander Henderson's theatre at Fulham, that his efforts were rewarded by offers from the West End managers. There is personal as well as dramatic fitness in Mr. Lyn Harding's engagement at the Royalty as the quiet and kindly musician "up four pair of stairs," for the actor has a great aversion to city life, and flies as often as he can "away from the world and its toils and its cares," seeking the seclusion of the country and the natural sport of horse riding.

MISS LOUISE ORMSBY.

Lovers of high-class musical entertainment will, at the Beehstein Hall next Monday afternoon, be appealed to by Miss Louise Ormsby in a particularly rich and refined soprano voice. Miss Ormsby, who renders her songs with unusual skill and has an excellent stage presence, promises selections from Schumann, Scarlatti, Cesti, and the modern French and English composers, and will be instrumentally assisted by Signor Morelli, the Court cellist from Rome, and by Signor Baraldi, the pianist. The singer is no stranger to these supposed inhospitable shores of ours (where the classics of music are concerned), for she made her London debut in the same hall last October, when the severely analytical representatives of the musical departments of the daily papers detected in her artistic composition all that was worth a singer's having. As also did Mr. William Bossey, who lost no time in engaging her for a ballad concert at St. James's Hall. Miss Louise Ormsby was born in Pennsylvania and trained at the New England Conservatory, Boston, and her studies, later, in Paris, under the guidance of Mathilde Marchesi, qualified her for many notable engagements in French, German and Italian opera. An earnest worker and a brilliant artist, Miss Ormsby will succeed still further.

Final arrangements have been made by the Cambridge University Library Syndicate for the housing of the Acton library, and for its removal from Aldenham Park, Shropshire. The Vice-Chancellor's room and the south-west room on the ground floor at the west end of Scott's Building have been selected for the permanent accommodation of the books. It is estimated that the total cost to the University will be £7,300, disbursed as follows: (1) Expenses of removal, £400; (2) structural alterations and provision of book-cases (required at once), £ 2,300; (3) cataloguing staff, £2,500; (4) printing, £1,000; (5) binding, £1,000; (6) incidental expenses £100—total, £7,300.

A drier cold weather season than that of 1901-02 was probably never known over Upper India; but the cold weather of 1902-03 has in many parts of the country been almost equally rainless. The season of the cold weather rain is popularly supposed to extend from the 1st of December to the end of the following February, and the daily weather report of the 22th February last shows that during the three months preceding that date no rain whatever fell at Sirsa and Nowgong and less than one-quarter of an inch at Allahabad, Cawnpore, Dera Ismail Khan, Montgomery, Multan, Bikanir, Jodhpur, Hyderabad, Jacobabad, Neemuch, Sambhar, Jaipur, and Jhansi. On the hills and over the sub-montane regions of the Punjab and the N.W. Provinces the winter fall was somewhat heavier; but practically the whole of Northern India and the central and plateau districts have suffered a serious deficiency of rain during the past cold weather. At the Himalayan hill-stations the total fall of the three months was about 50 per cent of the average. Thus Mussoorie showed a total of 4·30 inches, while the normal is 9·30. In the sub-montane region the proportion was even lower, Sialkote reporting a total of 1·15 inches against a normal of 4·83 incees; Umballa 2·29 inches against 4·85 inches; Bahraich 0·85 inch against 2·27 inches, and Gorakhpore 0·26 inch against 1·39 inch, while, as mentioned above, away from the Himalayan influence the cold weather rainfall this year has been practically nil. As so frequently happens, the conditions over Southern India have been the reverse of those prevailing in the north, and the cold weather over the peninsula has been marked with heavier rain than usual. The dry weather in Upper India has, as usual, been accompanied with a sudden and rapid rise of temperature and hot-weather conditions are appearing over the country at an unusually early date.

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COFFEES—Received the Grand Prix at Paris Exhibition.

WHISKIES—Old and mellow.

PROVISIONS—Ham, Bacon, Cheese always fresh and good. Jams, Marmalade, Sugar, Tart Fruits, &c., &c., &c.

COFFEES—Roast and ground daily in India, therefore always fresh.

TEAS—A treat for all.

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MARVELLOUS PREPARATION.

Refreshing as a Turkish Bath. Invaluable for all Toilet Purposes.
Splendid Cleansing Preparation for the Hair.
Removes Stains and Grease Spots from Clothing, Etc.
Restores the Colour to Carpets.
Allays the Irritation caused by Mosquito Bites.
Invigorating in Hot Climates. Cleans Plate and Jewellery.

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'HARLENE' FOR THE HAIR.

The very Finest Dressing.
Restores the Hair.
Promotes the Growth.
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Strengthens the Roots.
Preserves the Hair.
Renders it Beautifully Soft.
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Allays all Irritation.

Preserves, Strengthens, and Invigorates Children's Hair.

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1/-, 2/6, and (triple size) 4/6 per Bottle from Druggists, &c., all over the World.

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Delicious, Nutritive, Digestible.

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cures coughs and colds, even hard coughs and old colds.

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Two sizes, large and small bottles.

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A French Remedy for all Irregularities.

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PALE CHILDREN
OLD PEOPLE, INVALIDS

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A DELICIOUS NUTRITIVE STIMULANT

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Most comfortable in wear, being extremely thin will not distend the pocket

Very Fine LEVER MOVEMENT.

15 Jewels, three extra set and screwed on top plate as in High Class English watches.
REAL CUT EXPANSION BALANCE.
Palladium Hairspring.

FINE BLACK STEEL "GENTILLE" LEVER WATCH

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Each watch is supplied in case with spare glass and mainspring and the usual written guarantee for 2 years.

THE "SERVICE" WATCH

COMPLETF IN ENGLISH-MADE WRISTLETS.

Exceptionally Fine LEVER WATCH

Jewelled with 15 rubies,
Visible Pallets. Expansion Balance,
Stemwind. Dust Proof Case.
Highly Recommended.

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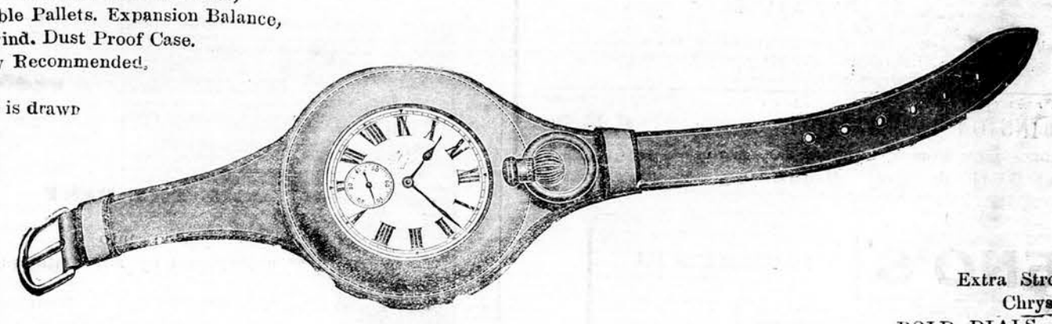

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Perfect Time-keepers.
Specially constructed for rough use.
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Suffered Forty Years, and Nigh to Death.

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One of the best known engineers in Glamorganshire is rejoicing in the fact that, after suffering forty years with a dangerous rupture, was finally cured by the system invented and perfected by Dr. W. S. Rice, of London. Mr. Thomas is never so happy as when relating the story of his cure. For the greater part of his life he suffered intense pain, his rupture being of such a nature that he was unable to find any truss that would keep the rupture in place until he learned of the Dr. Rice method. The testimony of Mr. Thomas is fully borne out by a letter received from his employer (one of the most influential mine owners in Wales), who states that he acts like an entirely different man, and that he can now perform his work easily, whereas before using this wonderful treatment he could hardly walk. The cure has attracted the attention of hundreds of people throughout the country. Dr. Rice has recently prepared a book, giving a full description of his method. It is a home cure at a very small cost, and the best of all it cures without pain, danger, operation, detention from work, or inconvenience of any kind. Readers should send for this book and post it to anyone they know to be ruptured. Such an act of kindness will be worth a great deal to those who suffer from rupture. Write at once to Dr. W. S. Rice (Dept. 617), 8 and 9, Stonecutter Street, London, E.C.

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ROSE'S LIME JUICE Cordial.

Is absolutely the Purest and Best Beverage. It Purifies the Blood.

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TONIC, RESTORATIVE, DIGESTIVE WINE

Very palatable.

Known throughout the world and prescribed in all cases of Anæmia, Debility and Convalescence, to young women, children and the aged. Invaluable in hot climates.

DOSE: One wine-glass after the two prin cipal meals.

Each bottle of genuine VIN DE SAINT-RAPHAËL *bears, in addition to the registered trade-mark:*

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CLETEAS *is a* MELISSA *and* MINT *cordial which surpasses all others by its purety and faultless preparation. To be taken on a lump of sugar.*

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The value of ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT' cannot be told. Its success in Europe, Asia, Africa, America, Australia, and New Zealand proves it. THERE IS NO DOUBT THAT where it has been taken in the earliest stages of a Disease, it has, in innumerable instances, PREVENTED what would otherwise have been A SERIOUS ILLNESS.

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Its energizing effects are shewn from the first day of its administration by a Remarkable Increase of Nerve and Intellectual Power, with a feeling of Courage, Strength, and Comfort. Digestion is Invigorated. The Appetite increases wonderfully. Sleep becomes calm and refreshing. The Face becomes fuller, the Lips red, the Eyes brighter, and Skin clear and healthy.

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Thousands of unimpeachable **testimonials** from all parts of the World, and from the highest Medical Authorities. No other Phosphoric Preparation has **received such** distinguished recognition.

HEALTH, STRENGTH & ENERGY.

Sold in Bottles at 4s. 6d. AND 11s. each, by all Chemists throughout the World.

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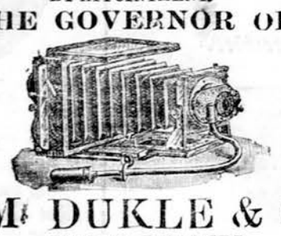
BY APPOINTMENT.
TO H. E THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY



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PURE MILK COMBINED WITH WHEAT AND BARLEY MALT.

Full Nourishment, partly predigested. Sterilized.

Horlick's Malted Milk

THE BEST FOOD FOR INFANTS AND INVALIDS IN ALL CLIMATES.
IN POWDER FORM.
KEEPS INDEFINITELY.
LARGEST SALE IN THE WORLD.
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High Class and Genuine
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For INFANTS and INVALIDS.

MELLIN'S FOOD is prepared from wheat and malted barley by machinery, is therefore **purely vegetable,** and during its preparation is **untouched by hand.**

MELLIN'S FOOD is a soluble dry extract, entirely free from starch and cane-sugar; the starch of the wheat having been transformed into dextrin and maltose by malt diastase. When added to diluted cow's milk **it produces a complete and perfect diet.**

MELLIN'S FOOD supplies materials by which diluted cow's milk is converted into an **ideal food for Infants and Invalids;** and **IT ASSURES THE DIGESTION OF THE MILK BY THE INFANT.** The character of cow's milk is so changed by the addition of Mellin's Food that the preparation is adapted for use from birth. By the use of Mellin's Food, and the exercise of proper care, those diseases which make such frightful havoc among infants in India and the East generally, such as diarrhœa, convulsions, the various wasting diseases, have been largely decreased.

Send to any of the Agents mentioned below for book of pictures and testimonials.

MELLIN'S FOOD for a light, sustaining, and highly nutritious diet, adapted for the use of all.

Samples and Pamphlet on the "Care of Infants in India," from the following Wholesale Agents—**BOMBAY**—LATHAM, ABERCROMBIE & CO. **CALCUTTA**—MACKENZIE, LYALL & CO. **COCANADA**—HALL, WILSON & CO. **KURRACHEE**—H. J. RUSTOMJEE & CO. **MADRAS**—OAKES & CO., LTD. **RANGOON**—LATHAM, BLACK & CO.

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TOILET SOAP.
An excellent Antiseptic Soap for the Skin & Complexion.
Most refreshing to use in Hot Climates.

TOOTH POWDER.
Preserves the Teeth. Strengthens the Gums.
Has the Largest Sale of any Dentifrice.

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IT KEEPS THE SKIN COOL AND REFRESHED IN HOT CLIMATES, *AND PREVENTS IT BECOMING PARCHED and DRIED UP from Exposure to the Sun.*

IT IS UNEQUALLED AS A DELIGHTFUL SKIN TONIC & EMOLLIENT

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TO ENGLISHMEN, SCOTCHMEN, IRISHMEN, and OUR COLONIES.

AN IRISHMAN'S ELOQUENT PROTEST.—Richard Lalor Shiel once startled the House of Commons and the country when the word "alien" was applied to him as an Irishman. "On the field of Waterloo" he exclaimed, "the blood of Englishmen, Scotchmen, and Irishmen flowed in the same stream and drenched the same sod—when the cold grey morning dawned they lay stiff and stark together; in the same trench their bodies were laid; the green corn of spring bursts even now from their commingled dust; the dew falls from heaven upon their union in the grave. Partakers in every peril, are we not to be partakers in glory? Are we to be told we are aliens from that noble country for whose salvation our life blood was poured?" The effect of the speech both inside and outside the House was electrical.

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"I need not be missed if another succeed me;
To reap down those fields which in spring I have sown.
He who ploughed and who sowed is not missed by the reaper,
He is only remembered by what he has done."

The misery of Life is immensely increased in these days of Fevers, if you miss such a single precaution as Batliwalla's Ague-Mixture and Pills.

Most powerful remedies for Malarious, Intermittent, Bilious Fevers, Influenza and Mild form of Plague.

Equally useful to Men, Women, and Children of all ages.

Guaranteed not to contain Aconite, Antimony, Arsenic, Mercury, Opium, Strychnia or any poisonous salts.

Why be miserable? Why not be wise instead?

Take the right remedy at the right time, and get rid of that nasty fever, by using Batliwalla's Ague Pills or Mixture.

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"They come as a boon and a blessing to men,
The Pickwick, the Owl, and the Waverley Pen."

Every Pen made by Macniven & Cameron, Ltd., is separately examined by experienced hands, and any found defective are discarded.

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Natural Toilet Preparations.

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THE 'Dartring' BRAND appears upon all the original genuine 'Lanoline' Preparations.

'DARTRING' TOILET 'LANOLINE' in small and large collapsible tubes. Makes rough skins smooth and protects delicate complexions from the effects of wind and sun.

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LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL

THE PUREST. THE MOST PALATABLE. THE MOST DIGESTIBLE. THE MOST EFFICACIOUS.

Incontestably proved by Forty Years' Medical Experience to be *The only Cod Liver Oil which produces the full curative effects in*

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DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is supplied ONLY in IMPERIAL Half-Pints, Pints and Quarts, sealed with BETTS' Patent Capsule impressed on the top with DR. DE JONGH'S Stamp, and on the side with his Signature, and the Signature of ANSAR, HARFORD & Co.; and bearing under the wrapper a Label with the same Stamp and Signatures.

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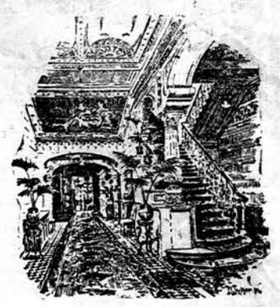

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BILLIARD BALLS and CUES—a Speciality
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